



Absorption Chiller

OPERATION MANUAL

16LJ-01,02,03



Original instructions

Notes to Users

Thank you for purchasing Carrire Absorption Chiller.

Before operating the Chiller, please read this manual thoroughly. It contains instruction for the operation and maintenance of the Chiller.

Please utilize the Chiller to its optimum performance by following recommended daily maintenance and handling, and periodic service.

If you need any information about maintenance contract or any other inquiries, please contact Carrier service agent.

Product Information

If you have problems or questions concerning your chiller, you will need the following information. Model and serial numbers are on the nameplate on the bottom of the control panel.

Model No. _____

Serial number _____

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

This product is marked " CE " as it satisfied EEC Directive No. 2006/42/EC, 2004/108/EC, 97/23/EC, 90/396/EEC and conforms with following standards.

This declaration will become void in case of misuse and/or from non observance though partial of Manufacturer's installation and/or operating instructions.

Note: The contents of this manual are subject to change without notice.

Absorption Chiller Operation Manual < Hot Water Fired type >

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0. Summaries of product characteristics

0-1. Product explanation

- (1) Excellent for peak shaving during high electrical demand periods.
- (2) Designed to provide chilled water from waste heat sources, generated from industrial processes and cogeneration systems.
- (3) Allows diversification of critical cooling requirements. Critical cooling loads are met with minimal electrical power input with a hot water-fired chiller.
- (4) Allows for smaller generator set installation be utilized since the electrical load associated with an absorption chiller is minimal when compared to an electric chiller.
- (5) Ozone safe, CFC free. Cooling requirements are met without chlorine based refrigerants.
- (6) Reduces affectors to global warming. Minimizes global impact by greatly reducing electricity consumption and eliminating the use of greenhouse gases.
- (7) Environment: Molybdate solution inhibitor is used with no impact on environment.
- (8) Low noise and vibration. The absorption chiller doses not utilize a large motor-compressor, and this leads to quiet, trouble-free operation.
- (9) Small footprint saves facility space.

0-2. Use of product

Absorption Chiller is air conditioning equipment achieving comfortable space, energy saving, and economic efficiency.

It has been used in office buildings, hotels, department stores, hospitals, schools, convention centers, government building, etc.

0-3. Business name and address

(1) Manufacturer

Business name : Panasonic Corporation

Address : 1-1-1 Sakata, Oizumi-machi,, Ora-gun,,Gunma 370-0596,Japan

(2) Importer

Business name: Carrier S.A.S

Address : BP 49-Route de Thil Q1122 MONTLUEL Cedex , France

0-4. Noise data



Model : 16LJ-	01	02	03
Noise [dB(A)]	Less than 70		



1-1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



- * Before operating this chiller, you should first thoroughly read the following instructions.
- * All precautions are classified into either WARNING or CAUTION.

WARNING: Failure to observe this instruction may result in serious injury or death.
CAUTION : Failure to observe this instruction may cause an injury or failure of chiller. Depending on circumstances, this may result in serious injury or death.

< Example >



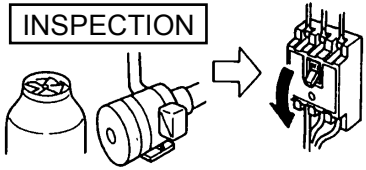

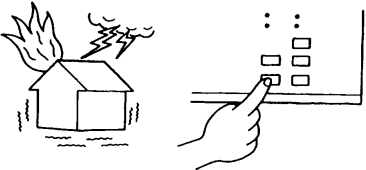

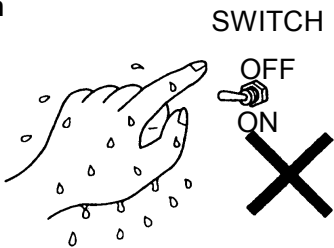

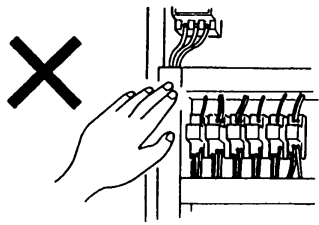
 symbol denotes danger, warning or caution.
 The illustration in the  symbol shows the specific description of such item.
 (The illustration to the left indicates that a special care must be taken to avoid electric shocks.)


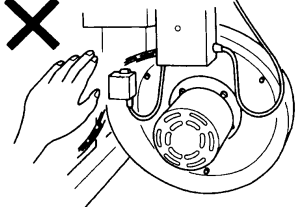

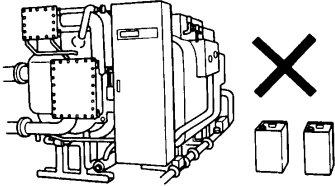

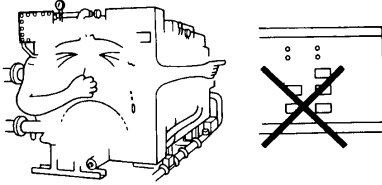

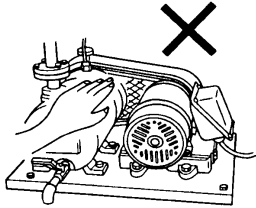
 symbol prohibits an action.
 The illustration in or near the  symbol shows the specific description of such item.



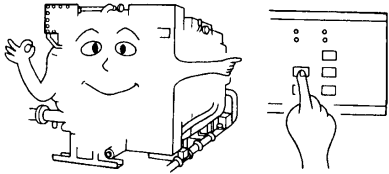

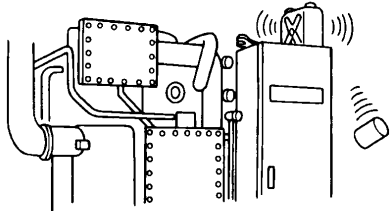

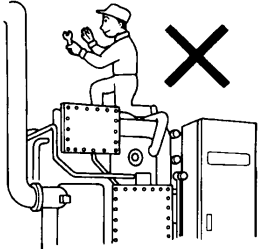

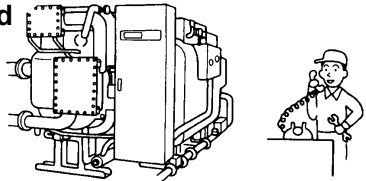

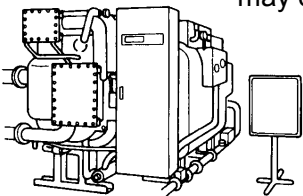

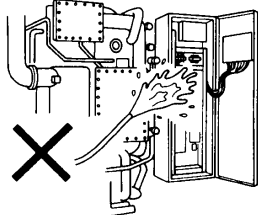

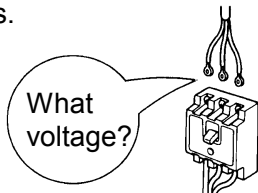
 symbol instructs an action to be done.
 The illustration in the  symbol shows the specific description of such item.
 (The illustration to the left indicates that it should be grounded.)

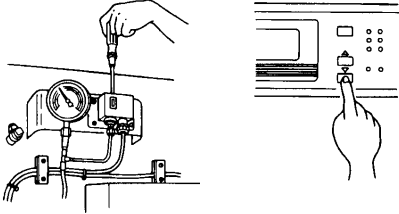
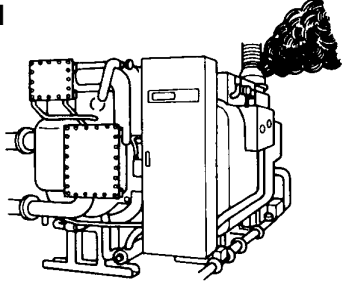
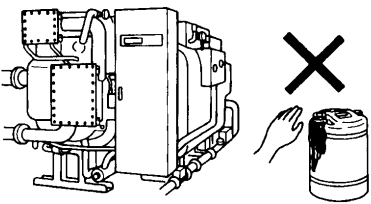
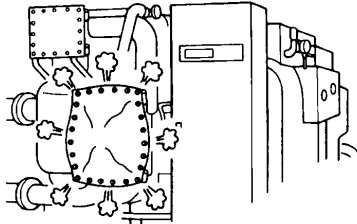
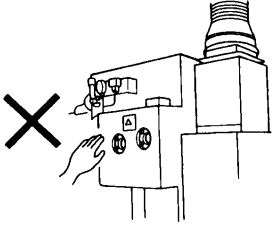
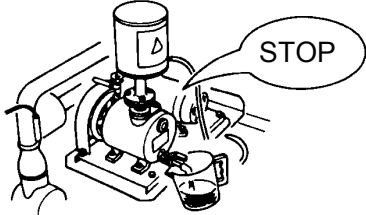
- * After reading this manual, it should be kept in fixed place to be available for any user at any time.

1-1-1. For safety usage



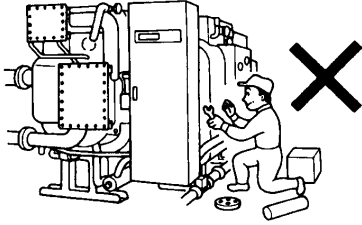
 WARNING	
<p>TURN OFF THE BREAKER BEFORE CLEANING AND CHECKING</p> <p> Always turn off the breaker before cleaning and checking the cooling tower fan, chilled water pump, or others linking the chiller, to provide protection from electric shocks or possible injury by the rotating fan.</p> <p>Must be observed</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	<p>STOP THE OPERATION IN CASE OF A FIRE, EARTHQUAKE OR POSSIBLE THUNDERBOLT</p> <p> Stop the operation in case of a fire or earthquake or when there is likely to be a thunderbolt, to prevent a fire or electric shocks.</p> <p>Must be observed</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>
<p>DO NOT TOUCH THE CONTROL PANEL SWITCH WITH WET HANDS</p> <p> Do not touch the switch inside the control panel with wet hands to avoid electric shocks.</p> <p>Do not touch</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	<p>DO NOT TOUCH THE WIRINGS INSIDE THE CONTROL PANEL</p> <p> Do not touch the wirings inside the control panel to avoid electric shocks.</p> <p>Do not touch</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>




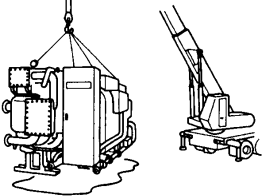
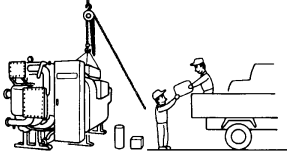
<p>DO NOT TOUCH HIGH VOLTAGE LEAD WIRE</p> <p> Do not touch high voltage lead wire to prevent electric shocks.</p> <p>Do not touch</p> <p></p>	
<p>KEEP FLAMMABLES AWAY FROM THE CHILLER</p> <p> Do not place any flammables (gasoline, thinner, etc.) close to the chiller, flue, chimney and oil tank to prevent a fire.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> <p></p>	
<p>DO NOT OPERATE THE CHILLER WHEN GAS SMELLS</p> <p> Do not operate the chiller when gas smells. Do not turn on/off any switch to prevent a fire.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> <p></p>	
<p>DO NOT TOUCH ANY ROTATING PART OF FANS</p> <p> Keep away your fingers from any rotating part of fans or pumps to avoid possible injury.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> <p></p>	

 CAUTION	
<p>SOLVE ALL THE PROBLEMS BEFORE RESTARTING THE CHILLER</p> <p> Solve <u>all</u> the problems before restarting the chiller when the safety device or security device operates, to prevent a fire.</p> <p>Must be observed</p> 	<p>DO NOT PLACE HEAVY OBJECTS ON THE CHILLER OR CONTROL PANEL</p> <p> Do not place heavy objects on the chiller or control panel to avoid possible injury by falling.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> 
<p>DO NOT CLIMB UP THE CHILLER</p> <p> Do not climb up the chiller/heater to avoid falling down.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> 	<p>CALL SPECIALISTS FOR SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE</p> <p> Call specialists for service or maintenance. Wrong service /maintenance may cause electric shocks, a fire or burns.</p> <p>Must be observed</p> 
<p>AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY</p> <p> A notice, "For Authorized Personnel Only" must be affixed to the chiller to keep away unauthorized personnel from touching it. If this is anticipated, enclose the chiller with a protective fence. Misuse of the chiller may cause injury.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> 	<p>DO NOT POUR WATER OVER THE CHILLER OR CONTROL PANEL</p> <p> Do not pour water over the chiller or control panel to avoid electric shocks.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> 
<p>USE THE CORRECT POWER SUPPLY</p> <p> This is indicated on the name plate of the chiller. Use of the power other than specified here may cause a fire or electric shocks.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> 	

<p>NEVER CHANGE THE SET VALUE</p> <p>Never change the set value of the safety and/or protective devices. Wrong setting may damage the chiller/heater or cause a fire.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> 	<p>STOP THE OPERATION WHEN BLACK SMOKE RISES</p> <p>Stop the operation when black smoke rises and call service agent, to prevent a fire by poor combustion.</p> <p>Must be observed</p> 
<p>DO NOT TOUCH THE ABSORBENT</p> <p>Do not touch the spare or leaked absorbent which may cause corrosion of metal areas or cause skin diseases.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> 	<p>OBSERVE THE SPECIFIED PRESSURE OF WATER</p> <p>The specified pressure of chilled/hot water and cooling water must strictly be observed. Incorrect pressure may cause spout or leak which may cause a short circuit or burns.</p> <p>Must be observed</p> 
<p>DO NOT TOUCH THE HIGH TEMPERATURE AREAS</p> <p>Do not touch the high temperature areas. These areas are indicated by caution label. Please avoid touching such areas to prevent burns.</p> <p>Prohibited</p> 	<p>STOP THE PURGE PUMP TO REPLACE OIL</p> <p>Please stop the purge pump when replacing oil to avoid possible injury by fuel scatter.</p> <p>Must be observed</p> 

1-1-2. Safety precautions for repair, moving or rejection

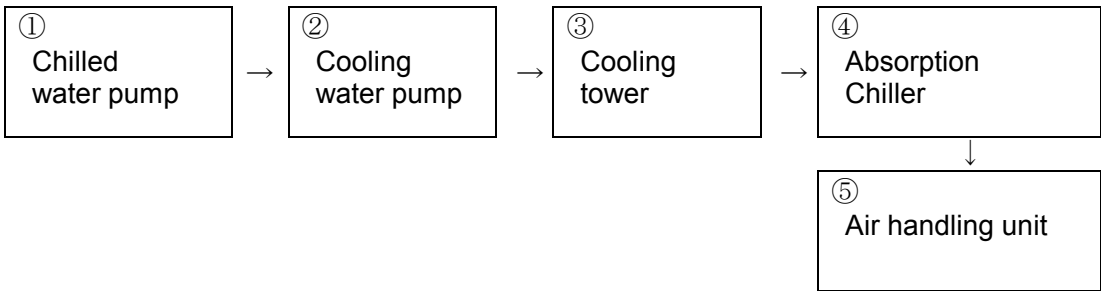
 WARNING	
<p>ONLY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL SHOULD OVERHAUL THE CHILLER</p>	
<p>  Only those who are authorized should overhaul the chiller. Incomplete service could result in electric shocks or a fire. </p> <p>Prohibited</p>	

 CAUTION	
<p>ONLY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL SHOULD REMOVE OR REPAIR THE CHILLER</p>	<p>ONLY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL SHOULD DISPOSE OF THE CHILLER</p>
<p>  Any relocation or moving of the chiller should be done by authorized personnel only. Incomplete work could result in water leak, electric shocks or a fire. </p> <p>Must be observed</p>	<p>  To dispose of the chiller, contact the local specialists. Any defective disposal may cause corrosion of metal areas or skin diseases by absorbent leak. </p> <p>Must be observed</p>
	

1-1-3. Operating precautions

- ① Keep the purge valve shut tightly to prevent air from leaking into the Chiller, which may cause the failure of the Chiller.
- ② Keep to turn on the power supply to the control panel without maintenance service.
- ③ During the dilution cycle operation of the Chiller as well, the chilled water pump (both the primary side and the secondary side) and air handling unit must be operated for the necessary time. The Chiller has a little cooling capacity even if it is in the dilution cycle operation. Do not stop the air handling unit before the necessary time to prevent possible subcooling.
- ④ Do not perform an insulation test on the control circuits of the electric controller.
- ⑤ Use Carries recommended interlock system for stop/start of the auxiliary equipment. The interlock system automatically stops/starts chilled water pump and cooling water pump. Please follow the start procedure in Figure 1-1 below.

Start Procedure



Stop Procedure

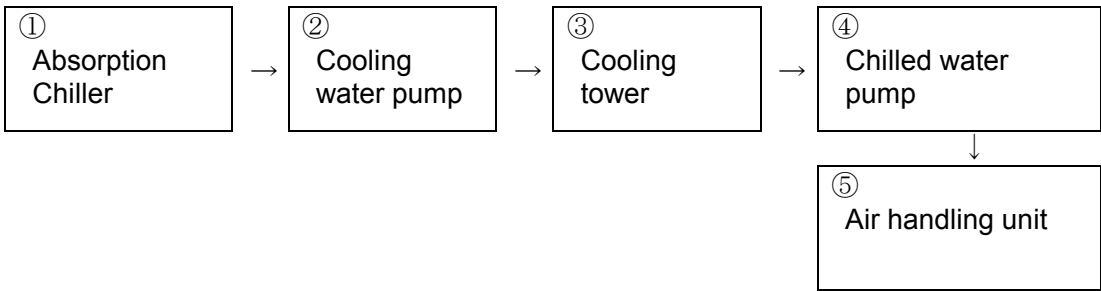


Fig.1-1 Auxiliary Equipment Start/Stop Sequence

1-2. HIGH TEMPERATURE •HIGH VOLTAGE CAUTION

1-2-1. Do not touch the Chiller during operation since the surface of it reaches a high temperature.

1-2-2. Do not touch the absorbent pump, the refrigerant pump, the purge pump during operation, since they reach a high temperature.

1-2-3. Do not touch the junction box during operation, since it contains high pressure wiring.

1-2-4. Do not touch the terminal box during operation, since it contains high voltage wiring.

1-3. USE ENVIRONMENT

1-3-1. Machine room

Absorption Chiller is indoor use ONLY.

IP number of Absorption Chiller is IP40.

Please keep the machine room temperature between 5°C and 40°C for protection of the solution crystallization during chiller shut down. Please keep the humidity in the machine room within 90%.

1-3-2. Field wiring

For CE, please connect to power source by overvoltage category III, and to other wiring by overvoltage category II.

1-3-3. Altitude

Please install Absorption Chiller at a height of less than 1000m above sea level. If the location is higher than 1000m above sea level, please contact Carrier agent.

1-4. WATER TREATMENT

Refer to "4. Maintenance" section.

2. ILLUSTRATION
2-1. DETAIL OF CHILLER

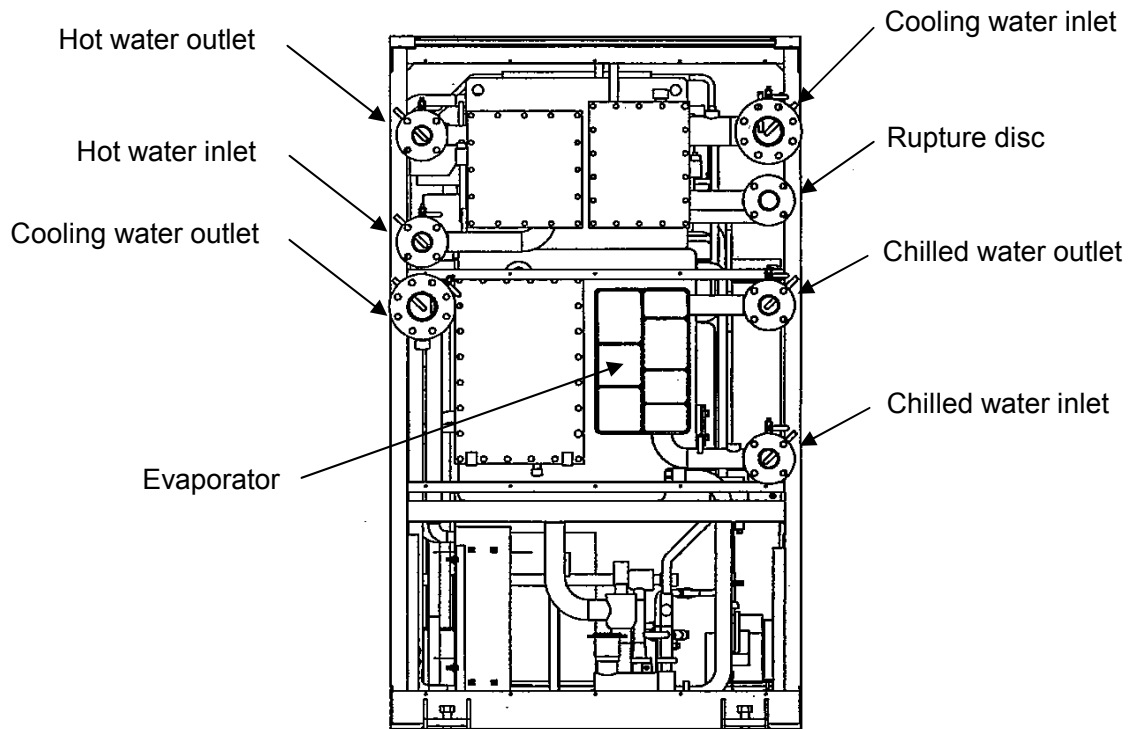


Fig.2-1 WATER CONNECT SIDE

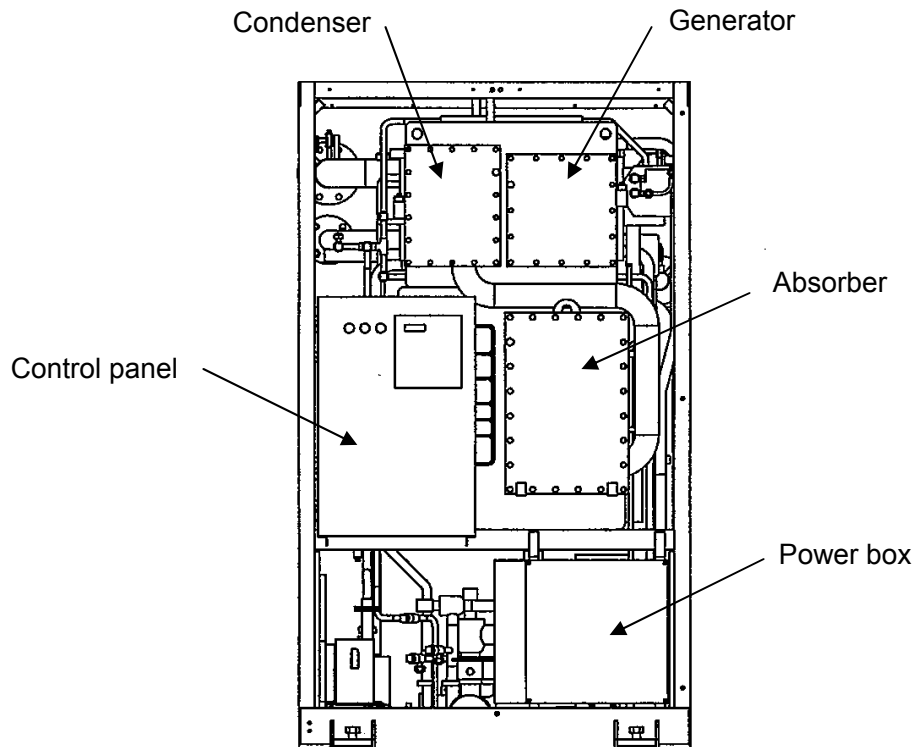


Fig.2-2 CONTROL PANEL SIDE

2-2. CONTROL PANEL

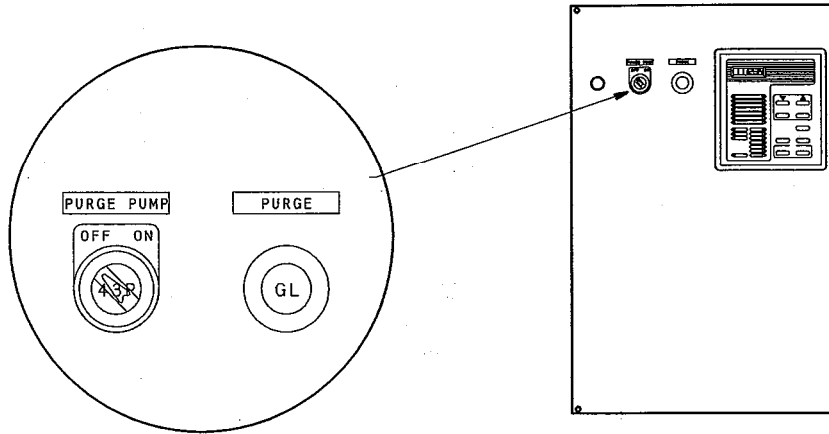


Fig.2-3 CONTROL PANEL

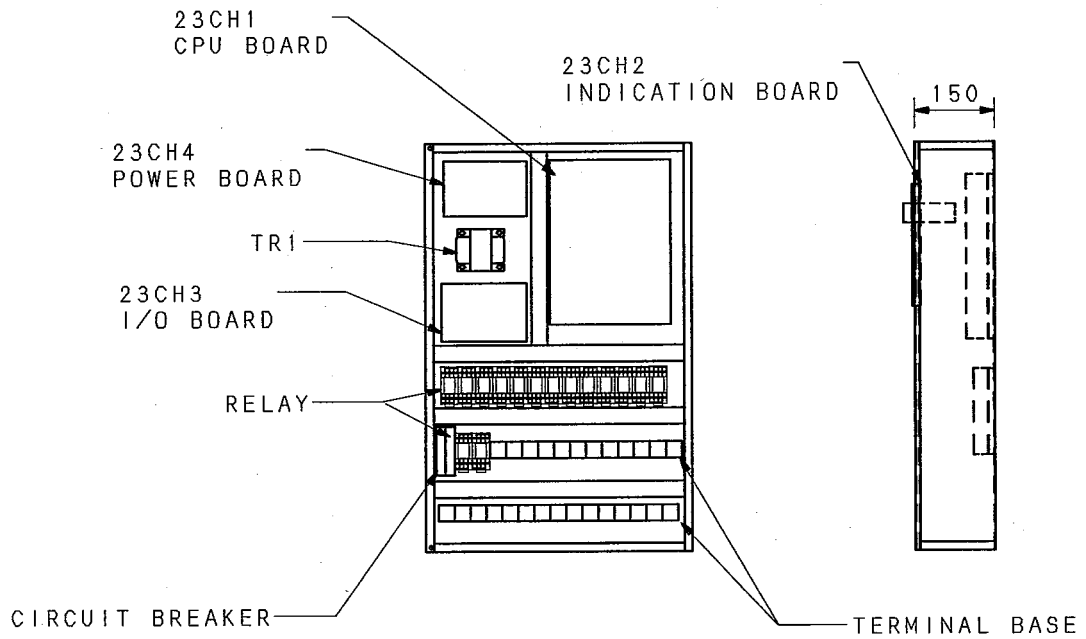


Fig.2-4 CONTROL PANEL inside

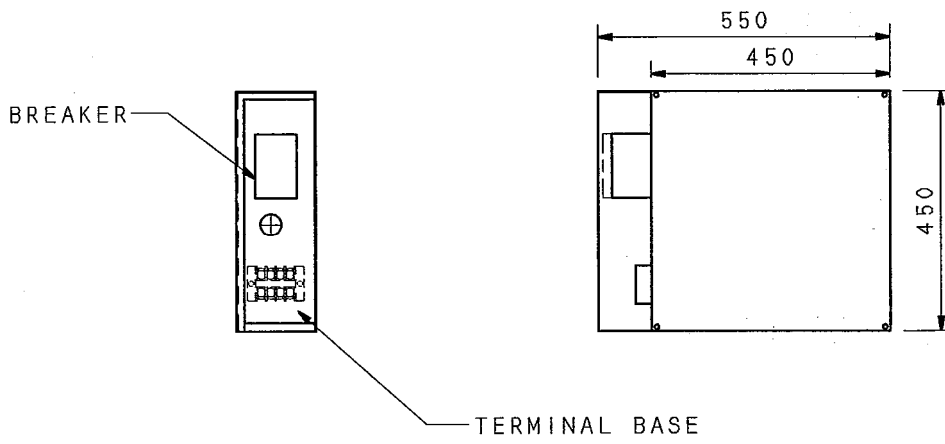


Fig.2-5 POWER BOX

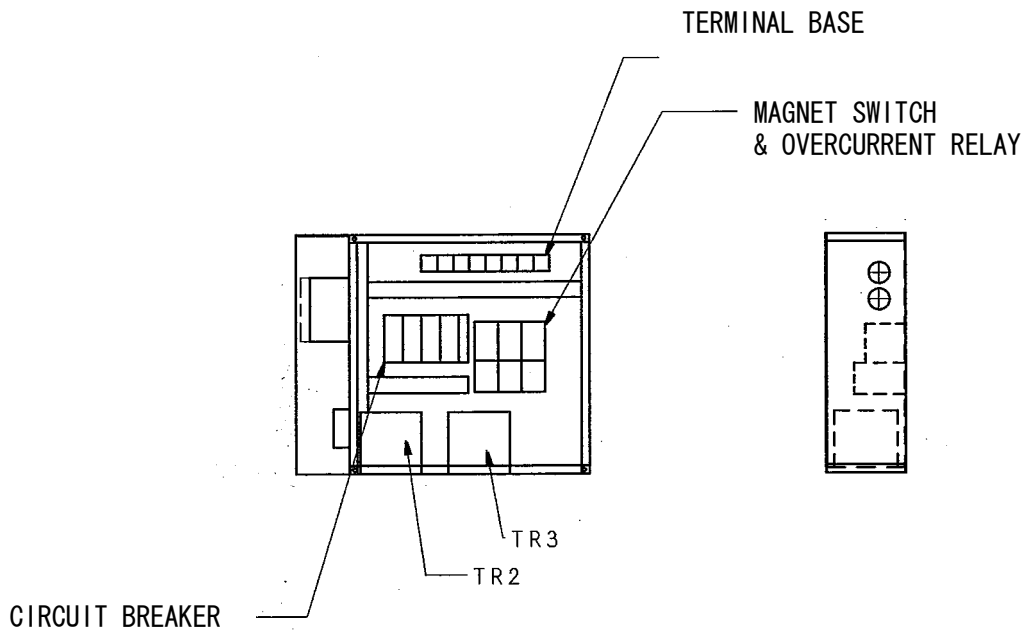


Fig.2-6 POWER BOX inside

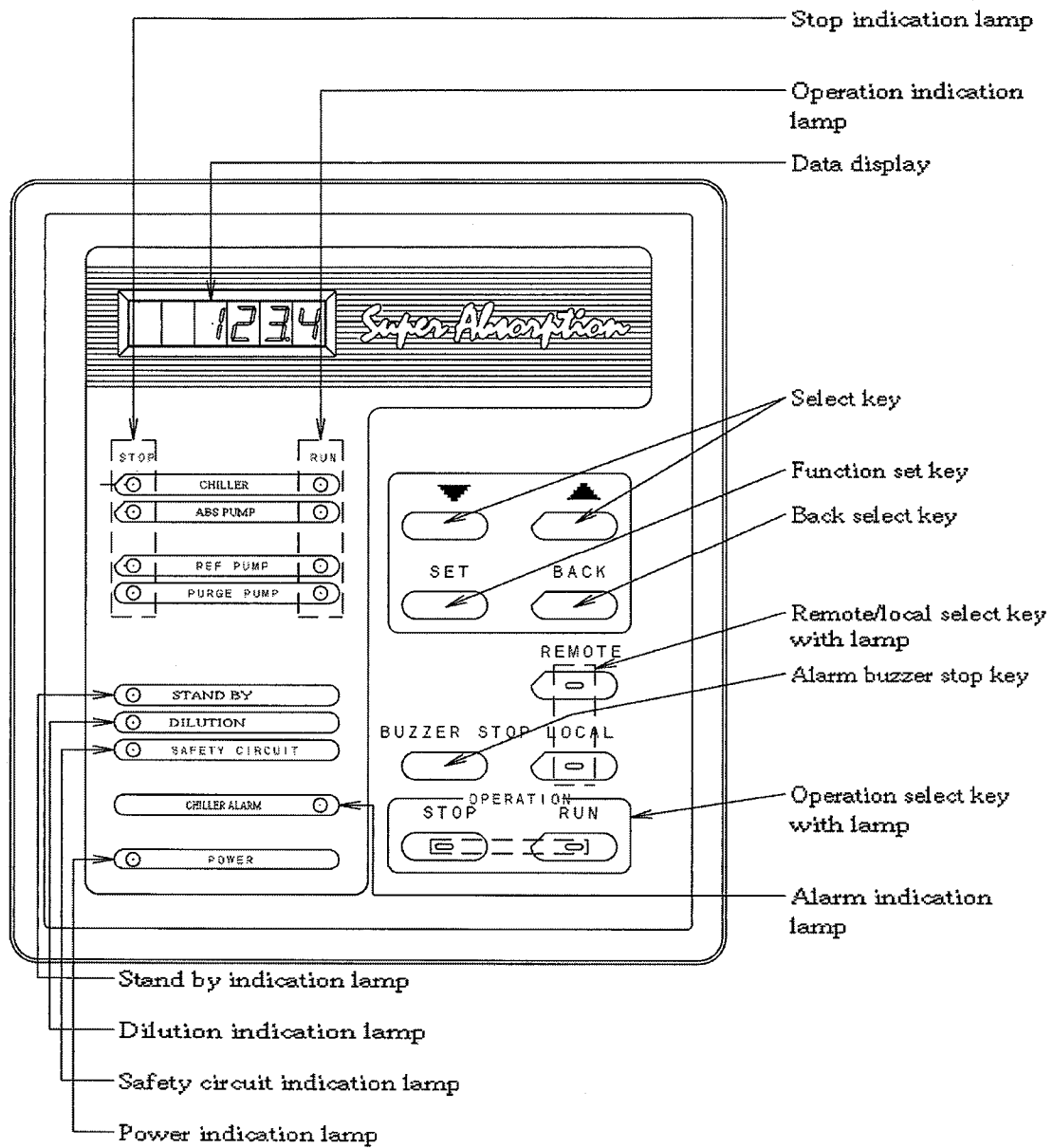


Fig.2-7 OPERATION BOARD

2-3. FLOWCHART OF CHILLER AND FUNCTION OF EACH SECTION

a) EVAPORATOR

The refrigerant is dispersed on the heat transfer tubes of evaporator. Chilled water through the heat transfer tubes of evaporator is cooled by the latent heat of vaporized refrigerant.

b) ABSORBER

The concentrated solution is dispersed on the heat transfer tubes of absorber. The refrigerant vapor from evaporator is absorbed on the heat transfer tubes of absorber by the concentrated solution. Cooling water through the heat transfer tubes of absorber is heated by absorption heat.

c) HEAT EXCHANGER

The diluted solution, after leaving the absorber section, passes through the heat exchanger, where it is heated by the concentrated solution.

The concentrated solutions are cooled by the diluted solution. This cooling process of the concentrated solution allows for greater absorbing power due to its lower temperature.

d) GENERATOR

The passes through the heat transfer tubes of generator.

The diluted solution in the generator is heated by the hot water.

It releases the refrigerant vapor and is concentrated. It becomes concentrated solution.

e) CONDENSER

The refrigerant vapor from the generator is condensed on the heat transfer tubes of condenser.

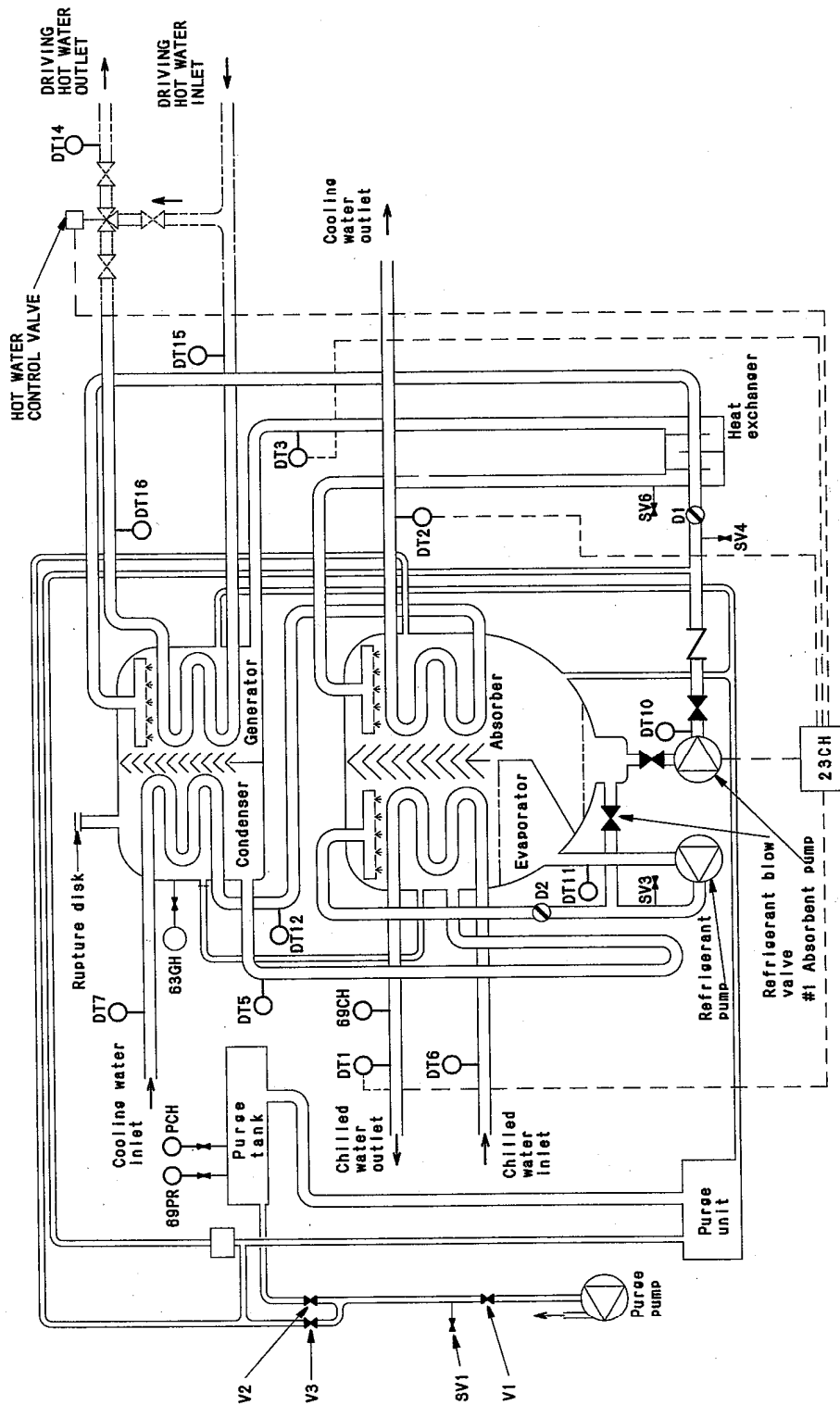
Cooling water from the absorber is heated by condensation heat.

f) PURGE UNIT

Gather the non-condensable gas within the Chiller/heater and store it in the purge tank.

Table 2-1 Sensor

SYMBOL	NAME
DT1	Chilled water outlet temperature
DT2	Cooling water outlet temperature
DT3	Generator temperature
DT5	Condenser temperature
DT6	Chilled water inlet temperature
DT7	Cooling water inlet temperature
DT8	No use
DT9	No use
DT10	Diluted solution temperature at Absorber outlet
DT11	Refrigerant temperature at Evaporator
DT12	Cooling water mid temperature
DT13	No use
DT14	No use
DT15	Driving hot water inlet temperature
DT16	Driving hot water outlet temperature
23CH	Temperature controller
69CH	Chilled water flow switch
PCH	Palladium cell heater
69PR	Purge tank pressure



- D1: Diluted solution main damper
- D2: Refrigerant damper
- SV1: Charge/discharge N2 gas service valve
- SV3: Refrigerant service valve
- SV4: Diluted solution service valve
- SV6: Concentrated solution service valve
- V1: Manual purge valve
- V2: Manual purge valve
- V3: Manual purge valve

- Sensor
- Service valve
- Damper
- Check valve
- Valve

Fig.2-8 FLOW DIAGRAM

3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

3-1. SELF-DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION

Self-diagnostic function starts when the breaker inside the control panel of the Chiller is turned on.

After self-diagnosis is completed, the data display on the operation board shows the following indication.

3-1-1. Action after power supply throwing in and an indication

Throw a power supply into and (turn on a breaker in a control panel and) when it dose, a self-diagnostic function acts as follows.

- (1) Data display (the 7 segment LED) and all LEDs light up.
- (2) The data display shows a version number when there is no abnormality.
When there is a power failure, H-10 is displayed after power return.



NOTE : The version number differs according to an each Chiiler type.

- (3) The data display shows the generator temperature.

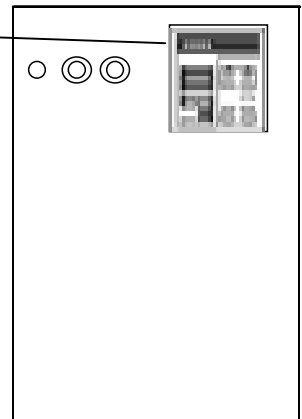
 (120.4)

Fig. 3-1 Typical control panel

If self-diagnosis function detects any failure, it will be shown on the data display. As for the alarm indication, please refer to Section 3-8.

3-2. DESCRIPTION OF KEYS AND THEIR FUNCTIONS

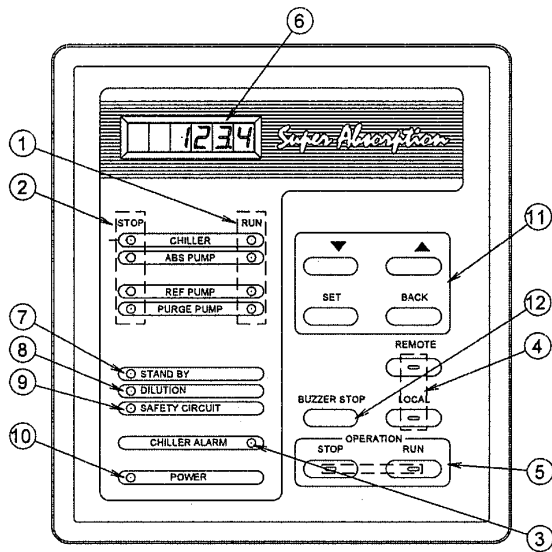
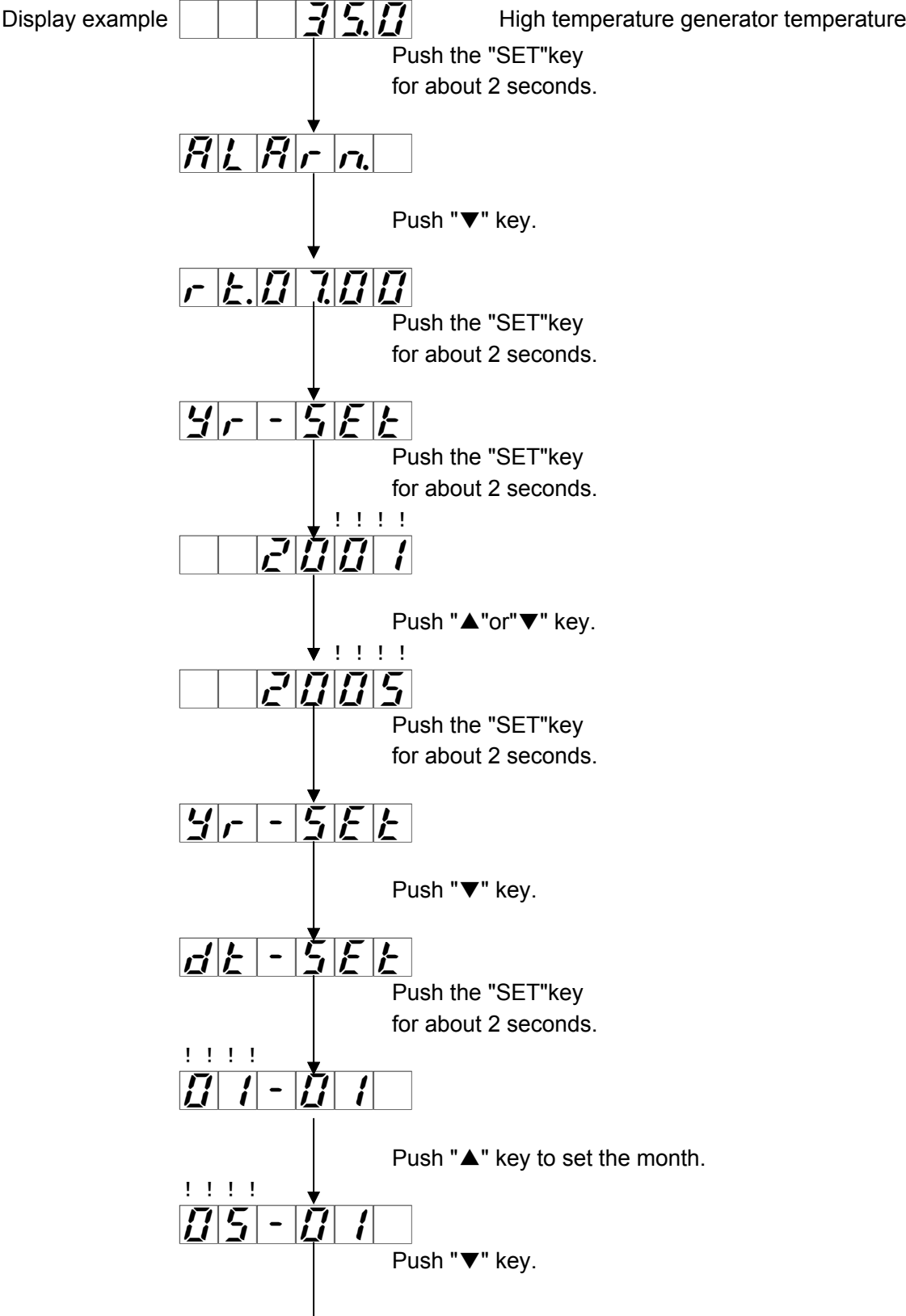


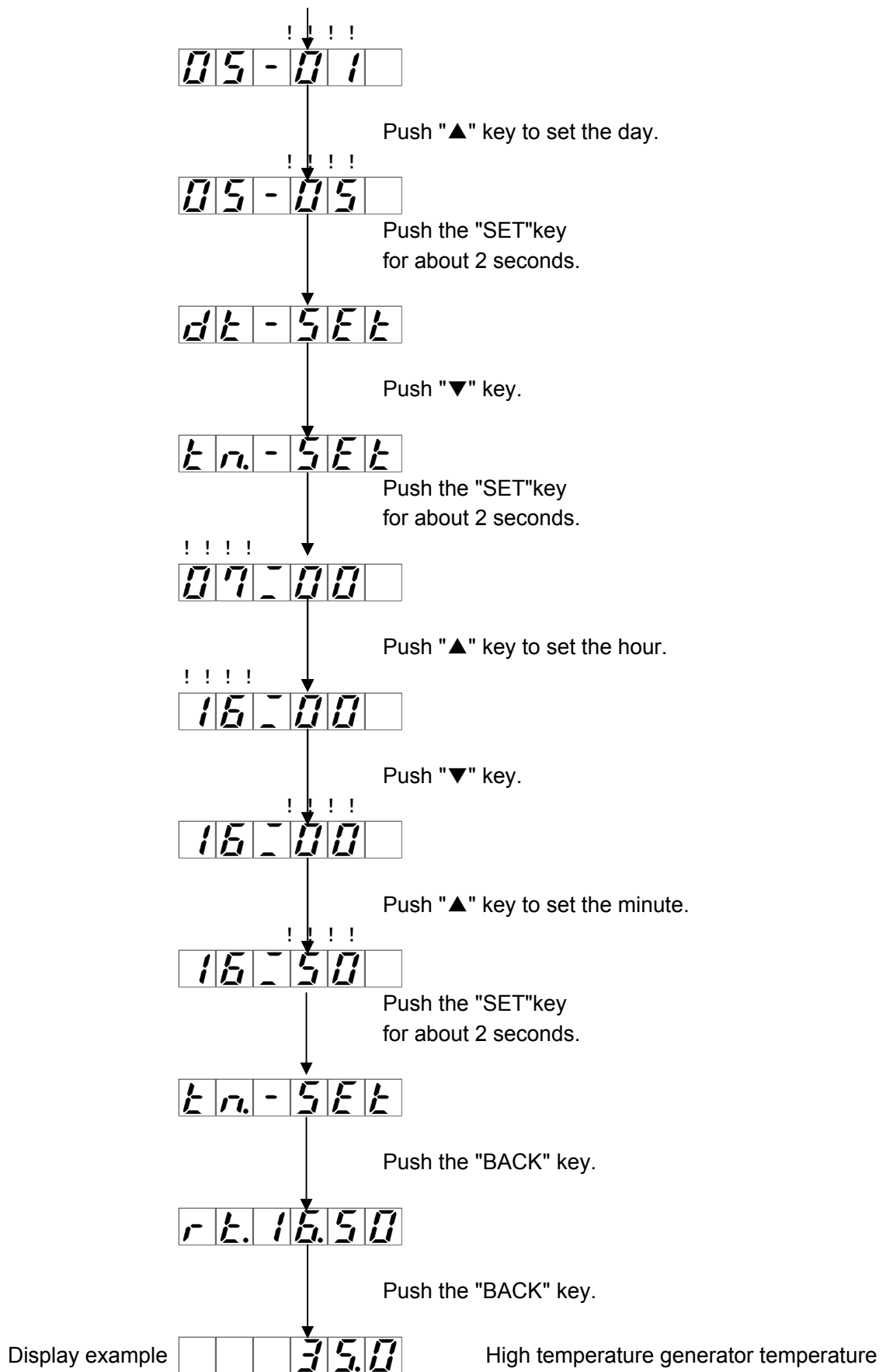
Fig.3-2 Operation Board

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Operation indication lamp | :Operation indication lamps light while the Chiller, pumps, etc. operate them. |
| 2. Stop indication lamp | :Stop indication lamps light while the Chiller, pumps, etc. stop them. |
| 3. Alarm indication lamp | :Alarm indication lamps light that an abnormality occurred. |
| 4. Remote/local select key with lamp | :Used to select remote operation or local operation. |
| 5. Operation select key with lamp | :It is a key that a Chiller uses in the operation/stop. It uses a stop key also in reset on an abnormality occurred. |
| 6. Data display(7 segment LED) | :It shows temperature, set value, etc.. |
| 7. Stand by indication lamp | :Push a run key and the Chiller begins operation until it light up. |
| 8. Dilution indication lamp | :It lights during dilution operation. |
| 9. Safety circuit indication lamp | :It lights a controlled circuit when a power supply is supplied. |
| 10. Power indication lamp | :There is a power supply than equipment side and, a breaker in an operational board lights time of ON. |
| 11. Data select key | :When changing an indication of a data display, when changing establishment value each, it is a key that uses establishment when being decided. |
| 12. Alarm buzzer stop key | :It uses an alarm buzzer when stopping by a case of alarm buzzer attachment(option). |

3-3.SETTING OF OPERATION BOARD

3-3-1.HOW TO TIME SETTING





3-3-2. Battery backup

Refer to Fig.3-3.

SW3

Connect a backup battery which is used to maintain time setting at the time of power failure. Turn it ON after installing equipment. CR-2025 is used as the backup battery, functioning for an accumulative period of about six months.

Note

- SW3 for battery backup is set OFF at the factory to avoid burning battery power.
- When SW3 for battery backup is set OFF in case of power failure, "F-21 (CPU alarm)" or "F-23(Time set alarm)" will be displayed. Please reset time setting.
- In case that SW3 for battery backup is set ON and "F-21" or "F-23" are displayed, it is necessary to replace the battery.

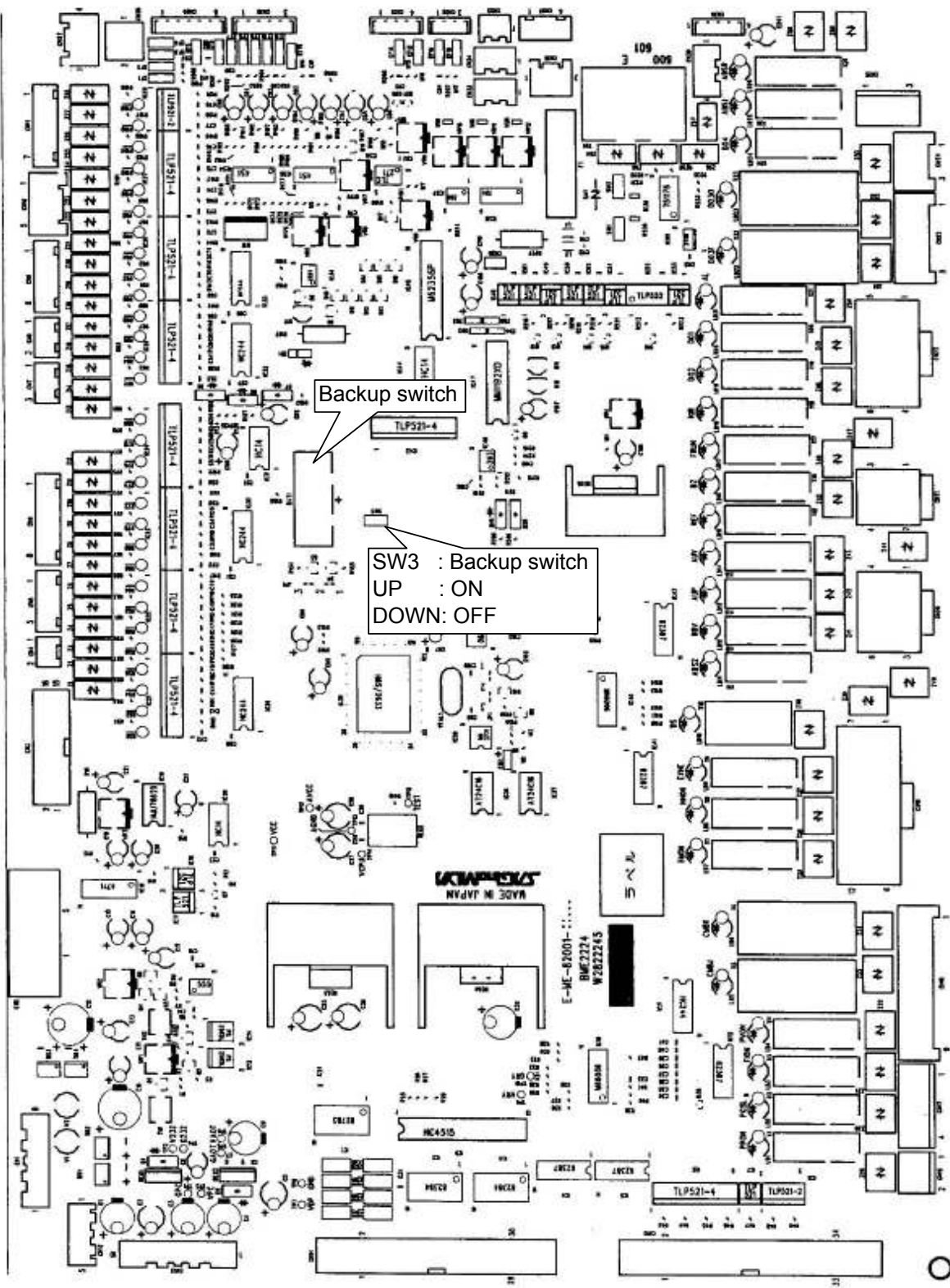
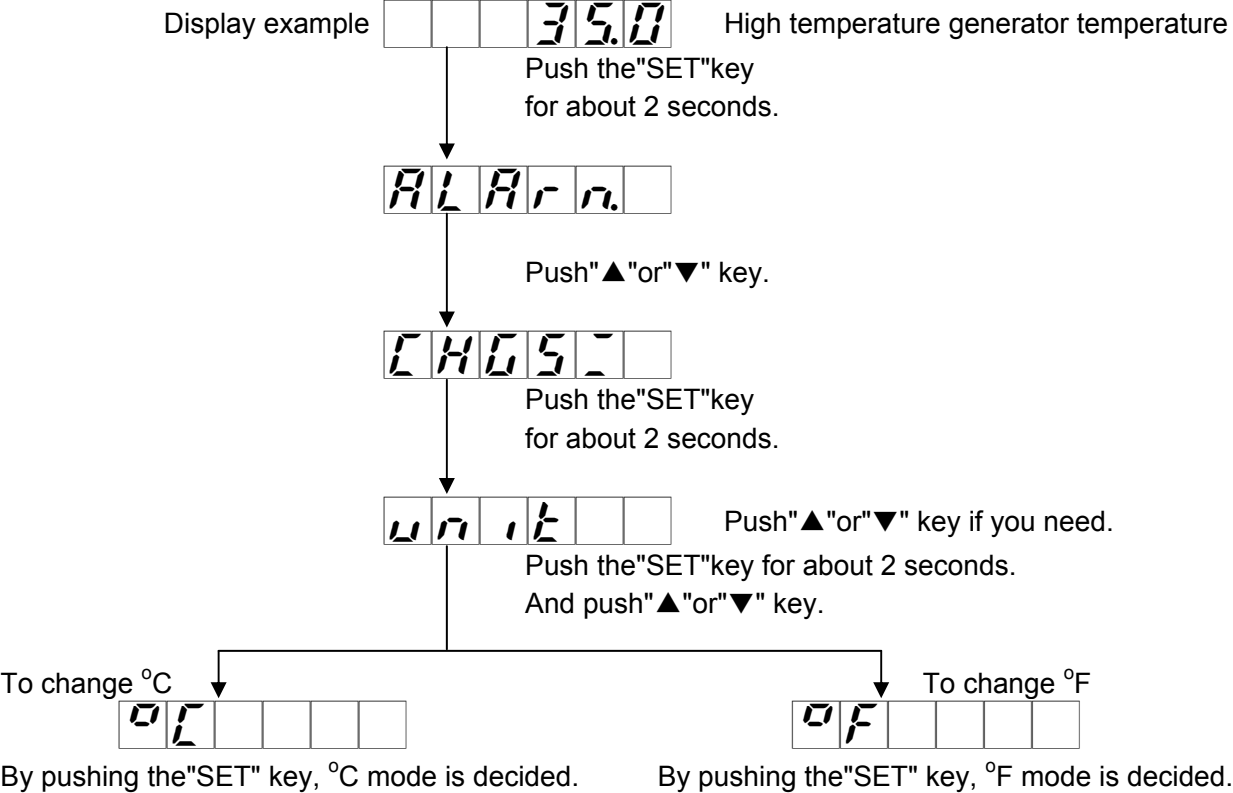


Fig.3-3 SW3 backup switch and backup battery

3-3-3. HOW TO CHANGE TEMPERATURE UNIT

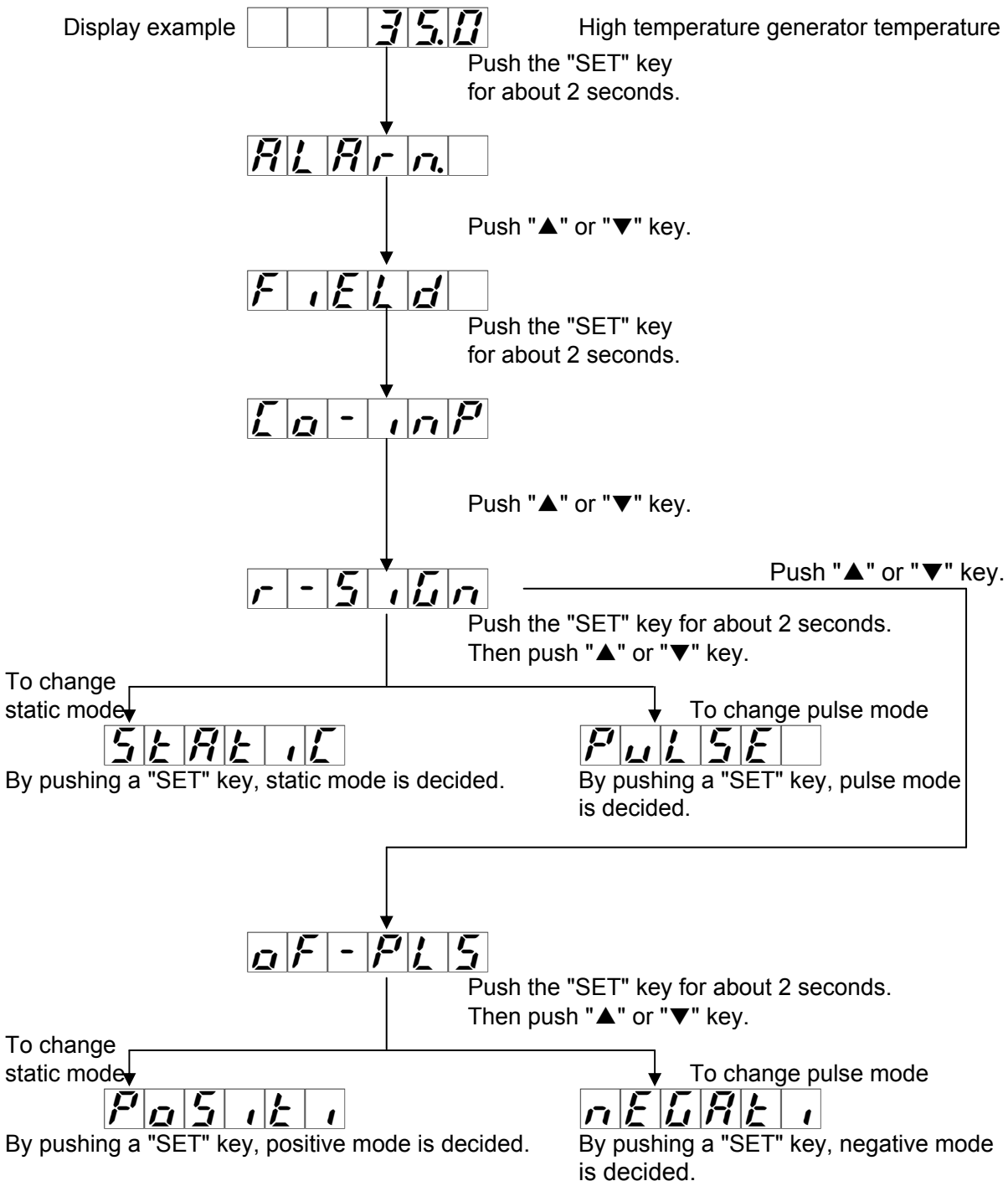
It can changes a temperature unit by a following way, and can changes it even while the Chiller operates it.



3-3-4. How to change remote continuous, pulse ,etc. setting

After wiring of remote signal, setting of operation board shown below should be conducted.
Refer to Field Electric Wiring.

Operation board setting	
REMOTE SIGNAL type	r - S i G n o F - P L S
(1)	S T A T I C free
(2)	P U L S E P o S i t i
(3)	P U L S E n E G A T E
(4)	S T A T I C free
(5)	P U L S E P o S i t i



3-4. OPERATION

3-4-1. Pre-operation check

Please check the following items before starting operation.

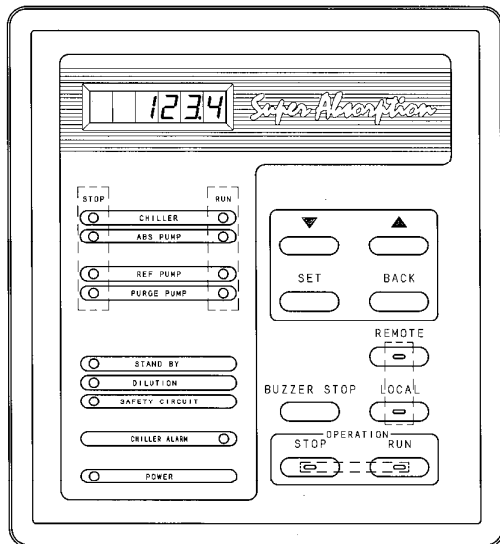


Fig. 3-4 Operation board

1. Check of the setting point of the chilled water outlet temperature
Make sure that the chilled water outlet temperature is set as specified.
As for the indication of set value, please refer to Section 3-8.
2. Check of hot water line
 - (1) Make daily inspection.(Section 4.)
 - (2) Check that the valve(s) is open.

NOTE : If the chilled/hot water pump, cooling water pump, and Chiller are interlocked, each pump runs automatically when starting the Chiller.
If otherwise, the start sequence must be: 1) Chilled water pump, 2) Cooling water pump, and 3) The Chiller.

3-4-2. Start operation

1. Local operation mode

- (1) Press "Local" key on the operation board of the chiller.
"Local" indication lamp of the key lights.
- (2) Keep pressing "Run" key for more than a second and make sure that "Run" indicator lamp of the key lights.
- (3) Automatic operation starts.

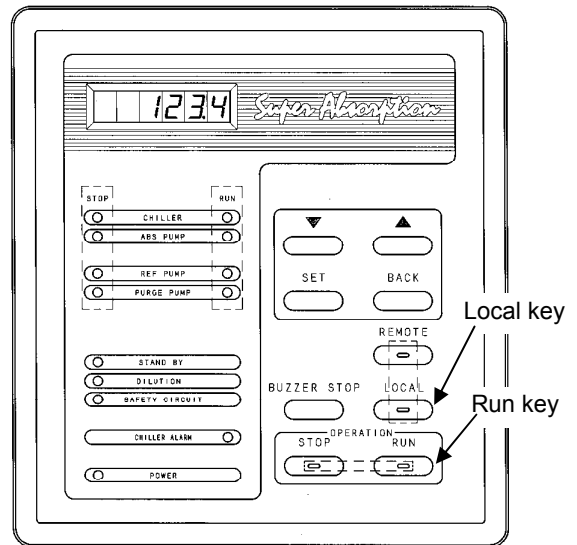


Fig. 3-5 Operation board

2. Remote operation mode

- (1) Press "Remote" key on the operation board of the Chiller .
"Remote" indication lamp of the key lights.
- (2) Turn on the start switch on the remote control panel of field supply.
The indicator lamp of "Run" key on the operation board of the Chiller lights.
- (3) Automatic operation starts.

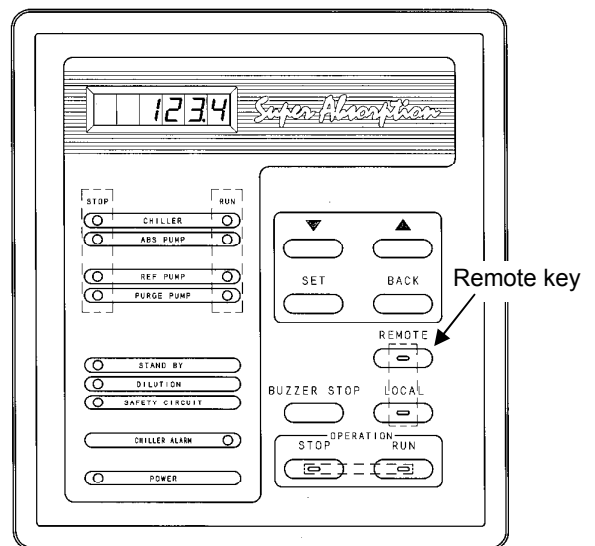


Fig. 3-6 Operation board

NOTE : In local operation mode, a signal coming from the remote control panel is not effective. In remote operation mode, "Run" key on the operation board of the Chiller does not work.

3-4-3. Stop operation

1. Local operation mode

- (1) Keep pressing "Stop" key on the operation board of the chiller for more than a second.
- (2) Make sure that "Run" indication lamp goes off and "Stop" indication lamp lights.

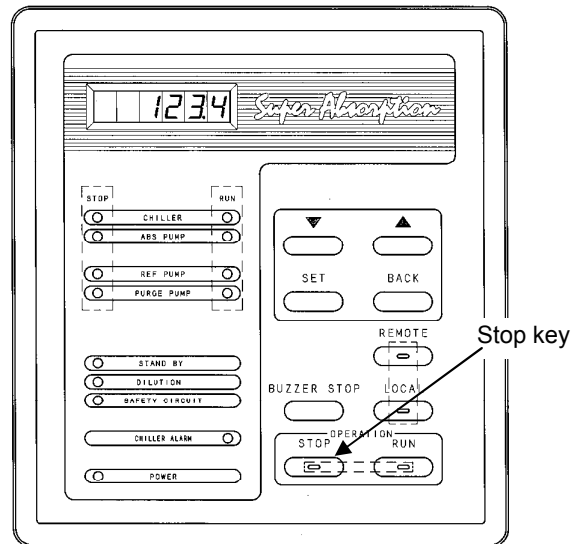


Fig.3-7 Operation board

2. Remote operation mode

- (1) Turn on the stop switch on the remote control panel of field supply.
- (2) Another way to stop the chiller is to press "Stop" key on the operation board of the chiller during remote operation.

NOTE : If the chilled water pump, cooling water pump, and Chiller are interlocked, each pump stops automatically when the Chiller stops.
If otherwise, please stop them in the following sequence:
1) The Chiller 2) Cooling water pump 3) Chilled water pump
The air handling unit must be stopped **after the chilled water pump is stopped.**

3-5. HOW TO CHANGE INDICATION ON DATA DISPLAY

3-5-1. Regular indication

Data display on the operation board usually shows high temperature generator temperature as follows.

(Display Example)

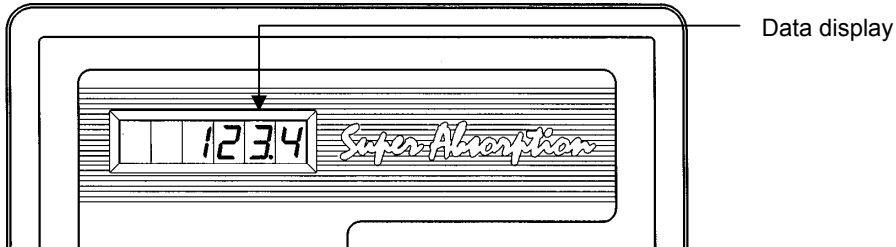


Fig.3-8 Operation board

It returns to a generator temperature indication when there is no key operation for 1 minute again.

3-5-2. How to change indication

If you press ▲ key, the indication on data display changes in order, and pressing ▼ key, it changes in reverse order.

If you press ▲ key again when you get to the last indication, it returns to the regular indication.

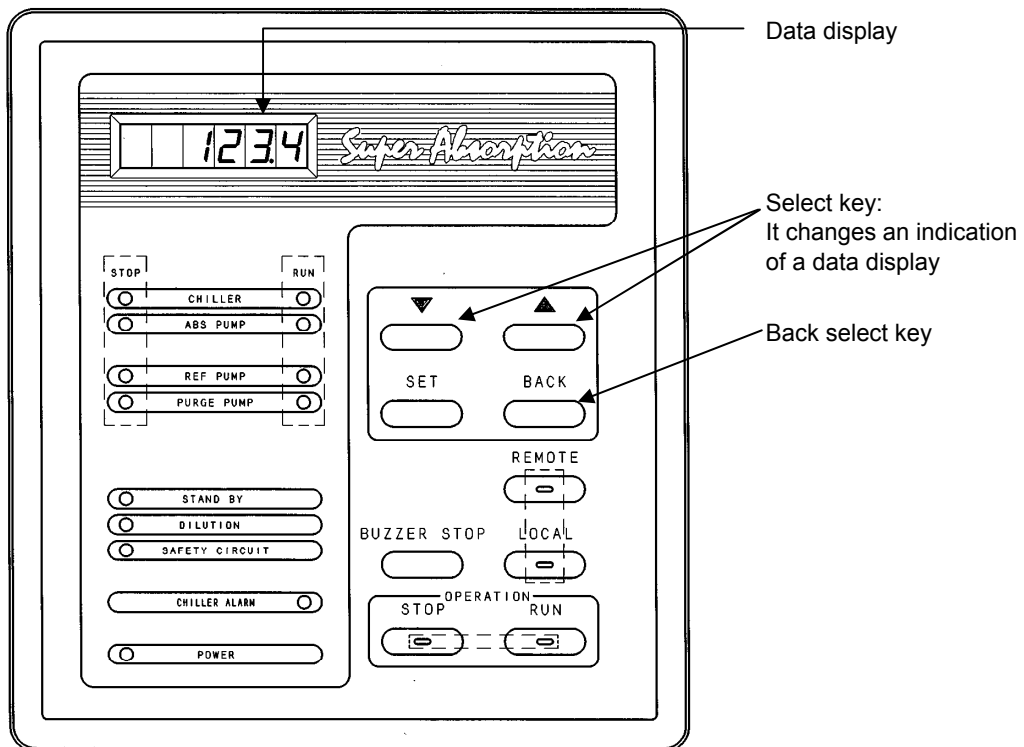


Fig.3-9 Operation board

3-5-3. Typical indication flow

It shows present data timely in data indication copy (7 segment LED and 6 figures). Indicative contents shows a data code (contents distinction by a code number) by various operational time, on/off time, every part temperature, chilled water temperature setting point and alarm code.

It sends a data code in turn by a ▲▼ key and shows it. It shows an alarm code only when an abnormality occurs and, when an abnormality of a plural occurs, high thing of a privileged grade is shown and, under numeral right of the alarm code dotted "." is shown. Further, an alarm code of a plural is shown in order by means of a ▲▼ key when existing.

When it pushes whether there is no key operation and a "Back" key for 1 minute, it becomes a generator temperature indication.

Table 3-1 Typical indication flow

	Data code	Data name	Display	Means
	-	Generator temperature	135.0	135°C
↑	1.	Chiller operation hours	112355	12355hours
▲	2.	Absorbent pump operation hours	2. 5235	5235hours
▼	3.	#2 absorbent pump operation hours	3. 0000	No use
↓	4.	Combustion hours	4. 0000	No use
	5.	Refrigerant pump operation hours	5. 5030	503hours
	6.	Purge pump operation hours	6. 107	107hours
	7.	Chiller on/off times	7. 63	63times
	8.	Absorbent pump on/off times	8. 1071	1071times
	9.	#2 absorbent pump on/off times	9. 0000	No use
	A.	Combustion on/off times	A. 0000	No use
	B.	Refrigerant pump on/off times	b. 87	87times
	C.	Purge pump on/off times	c. 3022	3022times
	10.	Chilled water temperature setting point	10. 7.0	7.0°C
	11.	Hot water temperature setting point	11. 55.0	55°C
	12.	Chilled water inlet temperature	12. 11.9	11.9°C
	13.	Chilled water outlet temperature	13. 6.8	6.8°C
	14.	Cooling water inlet temperature	14. 31.8	31.8°C
	15.	Condenser temperature	15. 34.7	34.7°C
	16.	Steam drain/exhaust gas temperature	16. 0000	No use
	17.	Purge tank pressure	17. 8.5	8.5kPa
	-	Generator temperature	135.0	135°C

3-6. HOW TO CHANGE INDICATION AND SETTING POINT

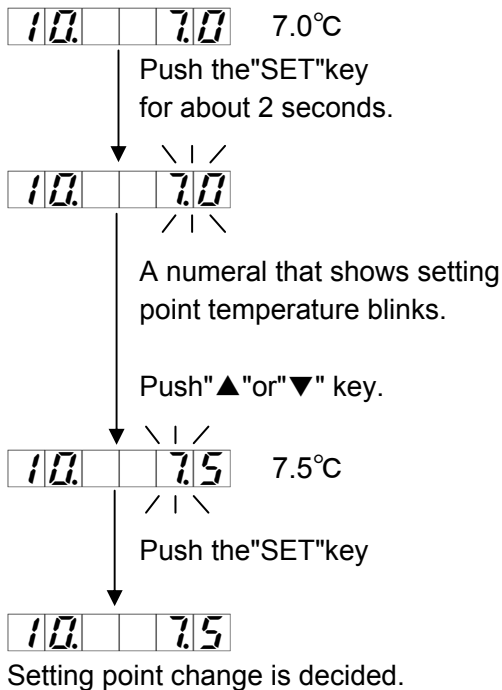
3-6-1. Indication of setting point

Section 3-5-2. How to change indication by, it makes shows present "chilled water temperature setting point".

3-6-2. How to change setting point

After making showing present setting point temperature, it changes setting point temperature by a following process.

To change the temperature of chilled water



When it pushes whether there is no key operation and the "BACK" key for 1 minute, it becomes a generator temperature indication.

NOTE 1: Wrong setting may cause the failure of the Chiller.
If you need to change setting point, please be sure to consult Carrier service agent. In case you set chilled water outlet temperature below rated value, maximum input needs to be decreased. Please be sure to consult Carrier service agent.

NOTE 2: Setting point become effective upon changing them.
Please be careful in changing set values during operation.

3-7. MAINTENANCE MESSAGE

3-7-1. Maintenance message

When a trouble which could disturb an efficient operation of the Chiller is predicted, it provides you with the forewarning.

3-7-2. How it is shown

It provides you with a comment on the data display as follows when a trouble is predicted.

Table 3-2 Maintenance message

	Data code	Data name	Display	Means
★	H-01	Operate purge pump	H - 01	Operate purge pump.
★	H-03	Clean cooling water tubes	H - 03	Fouling of cooling water tubes.
★	H-04	Check cooling water system	H - 04	Check the cooling water pump, cooling tower, etc.
☆	H-06	Purge tank high pressure	H - 06	Purge tank pressure is high.
☆	H-07	Cooling water tubes foul	H - 07	Fouling of cooling water tubes.
☆	H-08	Cooling water high temperature	H - 08	Cooling water temperature is high.
	H-10	Power failure	H - 10	There was power failure in time that the Chiller is operating.

★ mark : When this appears, the Chiller needs an immediate action.

☆ mark : When this appears, the Chiller does not need an immediate action.
 However, as this might lead to ★ mark code, attention should be paid.
 Consult Carrier service personnel at the next periodic maintenance.

NOTE : These indications disappear when the failure is corrected.

3-7-3. Descriptions of Maintenance Message and Actions

Table 3-3 Descriptions of Maintenance Messages and Actions

Maintenance Message	Display	Action
1 Fouling of cooling water tubes	H - 07	Cooling water tubes must be cleaned. Contact Carrier service agent to do the job.
	H - 03	
2 Vacuum rate	H - 06	The purge tank must be purged immediately. In case this indication is shown frequently, contact Carrier service agent.
	H - 01	
3 High temperature of cooling water	H - 08	Check the cooling water pump, cooling tower, etc.
	H - 04	
4 Power failure	H - 10	See section 3-8-5.

3-8. ALARM INDICATIONS AND ACTIONS

3-8-1. How they are shown

When an alarm is detected, alarm buzzer sounds(option) and the content of the alarm is shown on the data display. At the same time, the indication lamp of "STOP" key blinks.

The Chiller stops for safety reasons after dilution cycle operation.

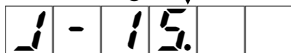
Depending on the content of the alarm, it stops without dilution cycle operation.

Display example  Chilled water low temperature

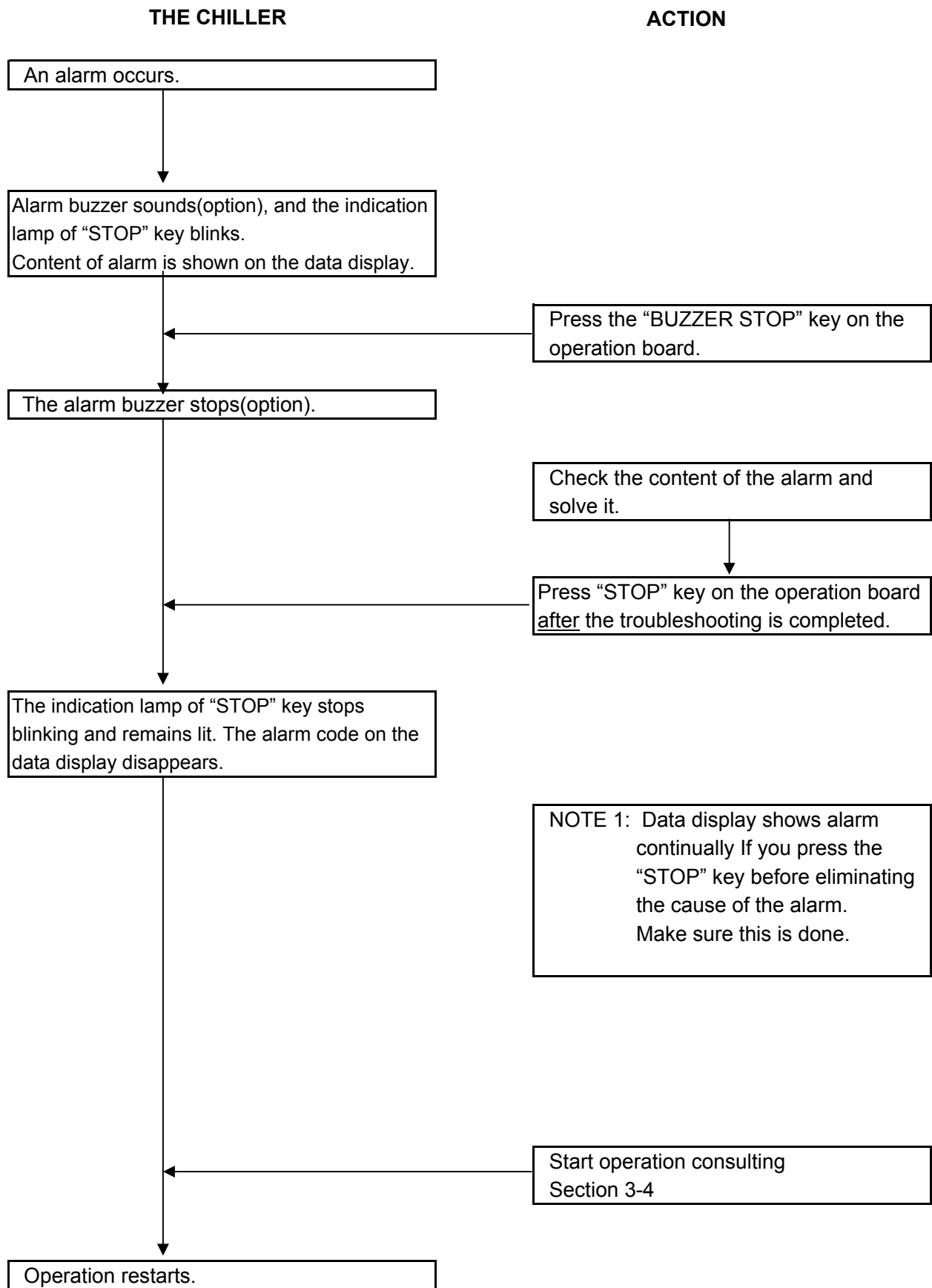
It shows an alarm code only when an abnormality occurs, and when an abnormality of a plural occurs, high thing of a privileged grade is shown, and under numeral right of the alarm code dotted "." is shown.

Display example  Chilled water low temperature

Further, an alarm code of a plural is shown in order by means of a ▲ key when existing.

Display example  High temperature generator's solution level is too low.

3-8-2. Troubleshooting flowchart



3-8-3. Content of alarm and setting point

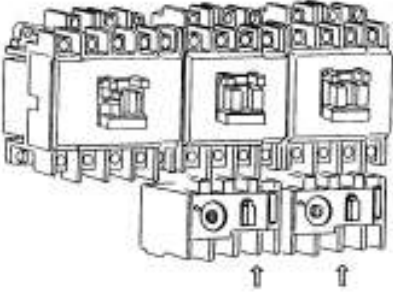
Table 3-4 List of alarm and setting point in cooling operation

Purpose	Display	Contents of alarm	Setting point
Protection of Chilled water system	J - 01	Chilled water temperature is too low.	2.5°C or below
	J - 02	Chilled water pump interlock has failure.	-
	J - 03	Few flow rate of chilled water	50% or below
	J - 20	Cooling water temperature is too low.	24°C or below after 30 minutes
Prevention of Crystallization	J - 06	Cooling water pump interlock has failure.	-
	J - 07	Few flow rate of cooling water	50% or below
	J - 13	Generator's temperature is too high.	95°C
Protection of generator	J - 16	High concentration of absorbent	65.0% or above 2 times 65.5% or above
Protection of Motor	J - 04	Absorbent pump has overload.	Rated current value or above
	J - 10	Refrigerant pump has overload.	
	J - 12	Purge pump has overload.	
Others	J - 11	Ventilation fan interlock etc. have failure.	-
	J - 21	Capacity is too low.	-
	J - 27	Cooling tower fan has overload.	-

3-8-4. Locating Alarm and Disposal

Table 3-5 List of Alarm Indications and their Causes and Remedies

	Display and contents of alarm	
Alarm of the Chilled water and/or cooling water system	<p>J-01</p> <p>Chilled water temperature is too low.</p> <p>J-03</p> <p>Few flow rate of chilled water</p> <p>J-20</p> <p>Cooling water temperature is too low.</p> <p>J-07</p> <p>Few flow rate of cooling water (Option)</p>	<p>Check that the discharge pressure of both chilled water and cooling water pumps are normal.</p> <p>→ If not, there may be the clogging of strainer, air leak in the pipe line, etc.</p> <p>Is the chilled water setting point too low?</p> <p>→ Correct them to specified setting point.</p> <p>Is the cooling water setting point too low?</p> <p>→ Correct them to specified setting point. (ex. 28°C)</p> <p>Correct the above causes and restart the Chiller. If it still gives you the "CHILLER ALARM ", check the following and contact Carrier service agent.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Temperature of chilled/hot water inlet and outlet 2) Temperature of cooling water inlet and outlet 3) Temperature and pressure of generator

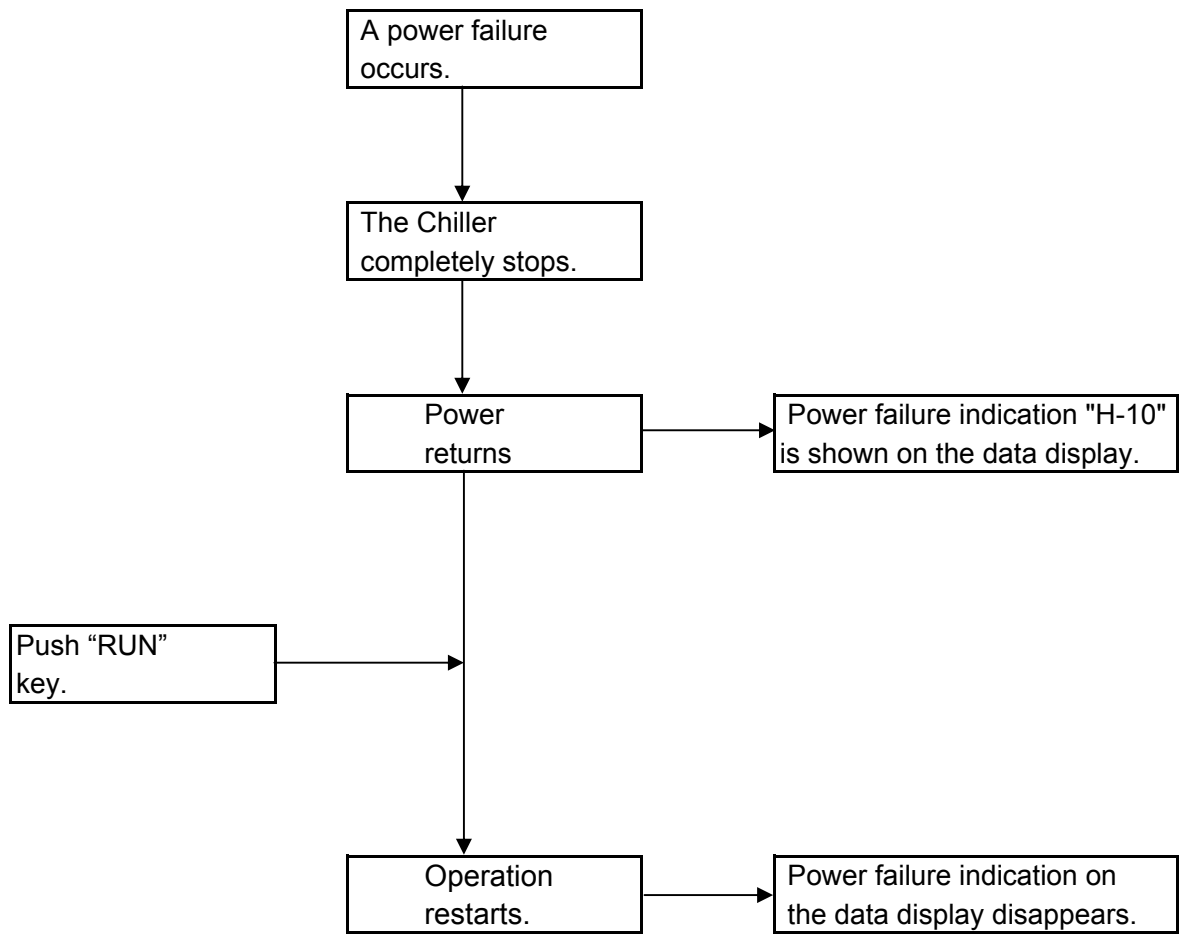
<p>Alarm of the Motor(s)</p>	<p>1-04 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Absorbent pump has overload.</p> <p>1-10 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Refrigerant pump has overload.</p>	<p>First, check that the reset button(s) of the overload relay connected to electromagnetic electromagnetic contactor sticks out, and then contact Carrier service agent.</p> 
<p>Alarm of the Auxiliary equipment(s)</p>	<p>1-02 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Chilled water pump interlock has failure.</p> <p>1-06 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Cooling water pump interlock has failure.</p> <p>1-27 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Cooling tower fan has overload.</p>	<p>Check that the chilled water pump and cooling water pump are rotating. → Start the pumps.</p> <p>Check the ventilation fan and/or other equipment(s) which is connected to system interlock.</p> <p>Correct the above causes and restart the Chiller. If it still gives you the “CHILLER ALARM”, check the following and contact Carrier service agent.</p>

<p>Alarm of the generator</p>	<p>J-13 Generator's temperature is too high.</p> <p>J-14 Generator's pressure is too high.</p> <p>J-15 High concentration of absorbent</p>	<p>Check that the cooling water pump is rotating. → Start the pump.</p> <p>Check that the valve of the cooling water line is open. → Open the valve.</p> <p>Check that the discharge pressure of cooling water pump is normal. → If not, there may be the clogging of strainer, air leak in the pipe line, etc.</p> <p>Correct the above causes and restart the Chiller. If it still gives you the "CHILLER ALARM", check the following and contact Carrier service agent.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Temperature of chilled water inlet and outlet 2) Temperature of cooling water inlet and outlet 3) Temperature and pressure of generator 4) Is the chilled water setting point too low? → Correct it to specified setting point. 5) There may be the fouling of heat transfer tube in the water (especially, cooling water) line.
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<p>Alarm of sensor</p>	<p>F - 01 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Chilled water inlet temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 02 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Cooling water inlet temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 03 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Cooling water outlet temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 04 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Cooling water intermediate temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 05 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Condenser temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 08 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Refrigerant temperature sensor(Evaporator)has failure.</p> <p>F - 09 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Driving hot water inlet temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 10 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Driving hot water control valve outlet temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 11 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Driving hot water outlet temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 12 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Diluted solution temperature sensor (Absorber outlet) has failure.</p> <p>F - 25 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Chilled water outlet temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 26 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>High temperature generator's temperature sensor has failure.</p> <p>F - 28 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Purge tank pressure sensor has failure.</p>	<p>Do the sensors measuring each area of the Chiller have short circuits or open circuits?</p> <p>→ Check all the sensors of the Chiller and contact Carrier service agent.</p> <p>NOTE :</p> <p>The Chiller automatically stops for safety reasons when either the generator's temperature sensor or Chilled water temperature sensor has alarm.</p> <p>It does not stop when the other sensors have alarm, but this could cause control failure. Please contact Carrier service agent as soon as possible.</p>
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3-8-5. Action in case of power failure

(1) Flowchart of action in case of power failure



(2) Matters to be attended to when a power failure occurs

When a power failure occurs, the Chiller stops completely without dilution cycle operation. Special attention should be paid to the following.

Table 3-6 Matters to be attended to when a power failure occurs

Condition of Operation at power failure	Action
Occurred during cooling operation, and took more an hour to return power	Immediately contact Carrier service agent. Do not restart operation.
Occurred during cooling operation, and took less than an hour to return power	Contact Carrier service agent after restarting operation.
Occurred during purging operation	Immediately close purge valve completely and turn off the purge pump switch on the control panel. After power returns, restart the purging, and consult Carrier service agent.

4. MAINTENANCE

4-1. DAILY MAINTENANCE

4-1-1. Inspection of each part of the Chiller

If you find the abnormal condition, please contact Carrier service agent.

- (1) Smell of gas or oil leak around the Chiller
- (2) Abnormal noise at the start of burner
- (3) Abnormal noise of absorbent pump and refrigerant pump

Please consult your system constructor for the following items.

- (4) Cleaning of the cooling tower and the strainer of the cooling water line
- (5) Check of the condition of cooling tower
- (6) Check of the air leak in the pipe line



4-1-2. Operation data record

Please record the operation data regularly.

It is useful for troubleshooting and alarm prevention. Please show it to Carrier service personnel when they visit you for the service or the periodic inspection.

The sample of operation data sheet is shown in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1

TEST OPERATION DATA SHEET						
Customer name:					1/2	
Mfg. No.				Accepted		
Type:				Reviewed		
				Prepared		
No.	Data items	units		time:	time:	time:
			Spec.	DATA-1	DATA-2	DATA-3
1	Ambient Temp.	°C				
2	Room Temp.	°C				
3	Chilled W. Inlet F/C	°C/° F				
4	Chilled W. outlet	°C/° F				
5	CH. W. In. Press.					
6	CH. W. out. Press.					
7	Press.Drop ft/m					
8	Chilled W Flow GPM	m3/H.GPM				
9	Refrigerant capacity	Kcal/h				
10	Capacity USRT					
11	Cooling W. Inlet F/C	°C/° F				
12	Cooling W. outlet F/C	°C/° F				
13	CL. W. In. Press.					
14	CL. W. out. Press.					
15	Press.Drop ft/m					
16	Cooling W. Flow GPM					
17	Cooling water Capacity	kcal/h				
18	HT.GENE Temp	°C				
19	Exhaust Gas Temp	°C				
20	Inverter HZ	HZ				
21	#1 ABS P. Amp	Amp				
22	#2 ABS P. Amp	Amp				
23	Ref. P. Amp	Amp				
24	Burner Motor Amp.	Amp				
25	HT.GENE Level					
26	Evap Level					
27	Purge Tank Press.					
28	Diluted Damper	°				
29	Intermed. Damper	°				
30	Concent Damper	°				
31 ☆	GAS consumption	m3/H.GPM				
32 ☆	Gas supply press.					
33 ◆	Oil consumption	L/h				
34 ◆	Oil pressure	kg/cm2				
35	Draft	mmH2O				
36	Chamb. Press.	mmH2O				
37 △	Steam consumption	Kg/h				
38 △	Steam pressure	Kg/cm2				
39	Heat input	Kcal/h				
40 ☆◆	CO	ppm				
41 ☆◆	CO2	%				
42 ☆◆	O2	%				
43 ◆	SSNO					
44 ☆◆	NoX	ppm				
	☆ : Gas combustion type					
	◆ : Oil combustion type					
	△ : Steam type					
		: Not necessary, only for reference data				

4-2. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

To use the Chiller to its optimum performance, it requires the purging, refrigerant blow down, absorbent control, and management of combustion equipment, etc. We recommend that you make a maintenance contract with Carrier service agent.

4-2-1. Purging

The non condensable gas of the machine inside, not only decreases cooling capacity but also has a bad influence on the life of the machine.

Please leave it to Carrier service personnel under the maintenance contract. The customer can carry out the purging, but should take instruction by our service personnel.

(1) Purge procedure

When the purge indication lamp on the control panel lights, start purging by following the instructions below.

- a) Turn on the purge pump on/off switch on the control panel, and operate the purge pump for 10 minutes.
- b) Open V1 and V2.
- c) Press "▲" key on the operation board once to indicate 17. purge tank pressure (refer to section 3-5-3) and confirm whether the indicated value drops. If it does not drop, follow the procedure e), f), and g), and contact Carrier service agent.
- d) Perform purging for 10 minutes. Even if the purge indication lamp stops lighting before 10 minutes have passed, please continue purging for 10 minutes. When the lamp does not stop lighting, continue purging until the lamp stops lighting.
- e) Close V1 and V2.
- f) Turn off the purge pump on/off switch.
- g) Check whether the valves are open/closed.

V1	Closed
V2	Closed
V3	Closed

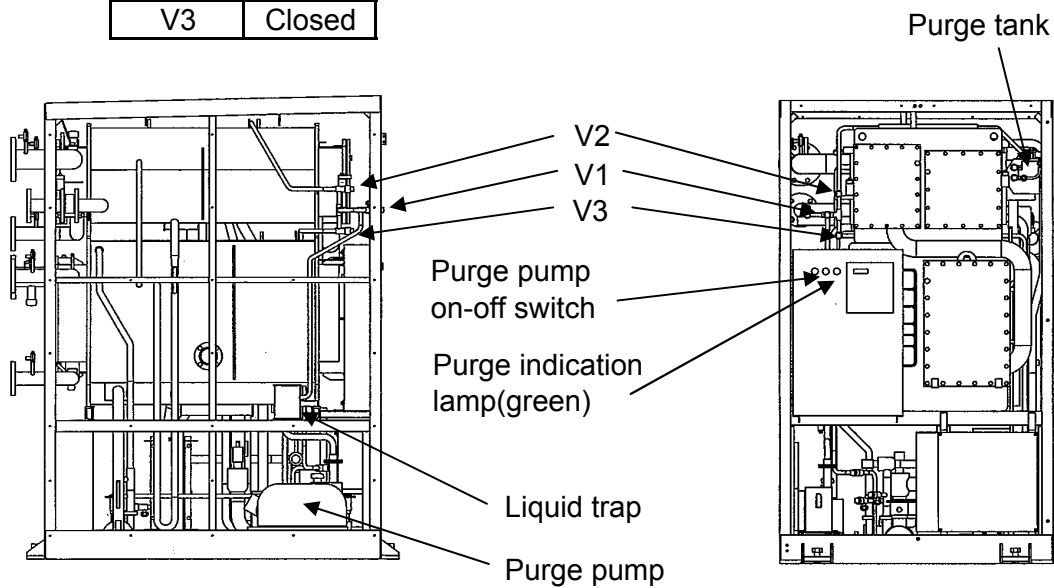
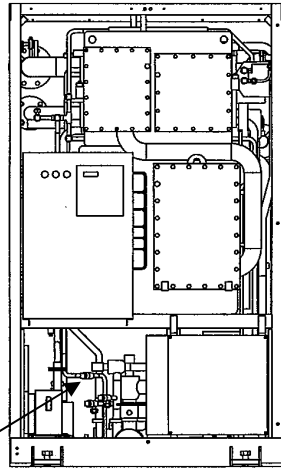


Fig.4-1-1

4-2-2. Refrigerant blow down

During cooling operation, a little quantity of absorbent could mix into the refrigerant. This absorbent could increase by a long-term operation and result in a lowering of the cooling capacity, so refrigerant blow down must be performed once in a cooling season. By this work, the dirty refrigerant is transferred to absorber side, and new, clear refrigerant is regenerated.



Refrigerant blow valve

Fig.4-2

- (1) Make sure the refrigerant pump is rotating, and also the solution level is visible through the sight glass of the evaporator.
- (2) Open the blow valve completely.
- (3) When the solution level becomes invisible, close the blow valve tightly.

The above is the blow down procedure. Repeat it a few times as necessary. As for the refrigerant blow down, please make a maintenance contract with Carrier service agent.

4-3. WATER TREATMENT

The water treatment is very important to the Chiller.
As the water treatment requires technical knowledge, please consult Carrier service agent.

4-3-1. Water Treatment for Chilled water and Cooling water

The cooling water of an open-type recycling cooling tower lowers the temperature of the cooling water using vaporized latent heat, and is reused. At this time, the water is evaporated and the following salts (hardness materials, chloride ion, sulfate ion, etc.) are concentrated. Namely, the condensation phenomena of such materials occur, and water quality will be gradually degraded.

As the water and air always come in contact with each other in the cooling tower, the sulfurous acid gas, dust, sand, etc. in the atmosphere will mix into the water, further degrading the water quality.

In the cooling water system, problems with water are caused by these factors.
Typical problems are corrosion, scales and slimes.

(1) Water quality standard

Water quality standard is shown in table 4-2 as an example.
Table4-2 is an extract from JRA-GL 02-1994.

Table 5-2 Water Quality Standard Values for Cooling Water, Chilled Water, Mid-range Temperature Water and Make-up Water⁽⁵⁾

Item ⁽¹⁾⁽⁶⁾	Cooling water systems ⁽⁴⁾			Chilled water system		Mid-range temperature (20-90°C) water systems ⁽³⁾				Tendency ⁽²⁾	
	Recirculating type		Once through type	Recirculating water (T ≤ 20°C)	Make-up water	Recirculating water (20 < T ≤ 60°C)	Make-up water	Recirculating water (60 < T ≤ 90°C)	Make-up water	Corrosive	Scale-forming
	Recirculating water	Make-up water	Once through water								
pH (25°C)	6.5 ~ 8.2	6.0 ~ 8.0	6.8 ~ 8.0	6.8 ~ 8.0	6.8 ~ 8.0	7.0 ~ 8.0	7.0 ~ 8.0	7.0 ~ 8.0	7.0 ~ 8.0	○	○
Electric conductivity (mS/m) (25°C) (µS/cm) (25°C) ⁽¹⁾	80 or less (800 or less)	30 or less (300 or less)	40 or less (400 or less)	40 or less (400 or less)	30 or less (300 or less)	30 or less (300 or less)	30 or less (300 or less)	30 or less (300 or less)	30 or less (300 or less)	○	○
Chloride ion (mg Cl/ℓ)	200 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	30 or less	30 or less	○	
Sulfate ion (mg SO ₄ ²⁻ /ℓ)	200 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	30 or less	30 or less	○	
Acid consumption (pH4.8) (mgCaCO ₃ /ℓ)	100 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less		○
Total hardness (mgCaCO ₃ /ℓ)	200 or less	70 or less	70 or less	70 or less	70 or less	70 or less	70 or less	70 or less	70 or less		○
Calcium hardness (mgCaCO ₃ /ℓ)	150 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less		○
Ionic silica (mgSiO ₂ /ℓ)	50 or less	30 or less	30 or less	30 or less	30 or less	30 or less	30 or less	30 or less	30 or less		○
Iron (mgFe/ℓ)	1.0 or less	0.3 or less	1.0 or less	1.0 or less	0.3 or less	1.0 or less	0.3 or less	1.0 or less	0.3 or less		○
Copper (mgCu/ℓ)	0.3 or less	0.1 or less	1.0 or less	1.0 or less	0.1 or less	1.0 or less	0.1 or less	1.0 or less	0.1 or less		○
Sulfide ion (mgS ²⁻ /ℓ)	not to be detected	not to be detected	not to be detected	not to be detected	not to be detected	not to be detected	not to be detected	not to be detected	not to be detected		○
Ammonium ion (mgNH ₄ ⁺ /ℓ)	1.0 or less	0.1 or less	1.0 or less	1.0 or less	0.1 or less	0.3 or less	0.1 or less	0.1 or less	0.1 or less		○
Residual chlorine (mgCl ₂ /ℓ)	0.3 or less	0.3 or less	0.3 or less	0.3 or less	0.3 or less	0.25 or less	0.3 or less	0.1 or less	0.3 or less		○
Free carbon dioxide (mgCO ₂ /ℓ)	4.0 or less	4.0 or less	4.0 or less	4.0 or less	4.0 or less	0.4 or less	4.0 or less	0.4 or less	4.0 or less		○
Ryzner stability index	6.0 ~ 7.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		○

Notes:

- (1) The nomenclature of items, definition of terms and units shall comply with the JIS K 0101. Incidentally, the unit and numeral in () are conventional ones which were put here for reference.
- (2) The mark ○ indicates factors affecting the corrosive or scale-forming tendency.
- (3) When temperature is high (above 40°C), corrosiveness generally increases. Especially, when the iron/steel surface has no protective film and directly contacts water, it is desirable to adequately take countermeasures against corrosion, such as addition of corrosion inhibitor and deaeration treatment.
- (4) As for the cooling water system using a closed type cooling tower, the water quality standard for the mid-range temperature water system shall be applied to the closed circuit recirculating/sprinkling water and its make-up water, while the water quality standard for the recirculating cooling water system shall be applied to the sprinkling water and its make-up water, respectively.
- (5) City water, industrial water and ground water shall be used as source water, and demineralized water, reclaimed water, softened water, etc. shall be excluded.
- (6) The 15 items listed above show typical factors of corrosion and scale problems.

[Note 1] Each item of the standard values may cause the failure due to corrosion or scale and if any item deviates from the standard value, it is assumed that corrosion or scale tends to be caused, therefore, these should be periodically managed.

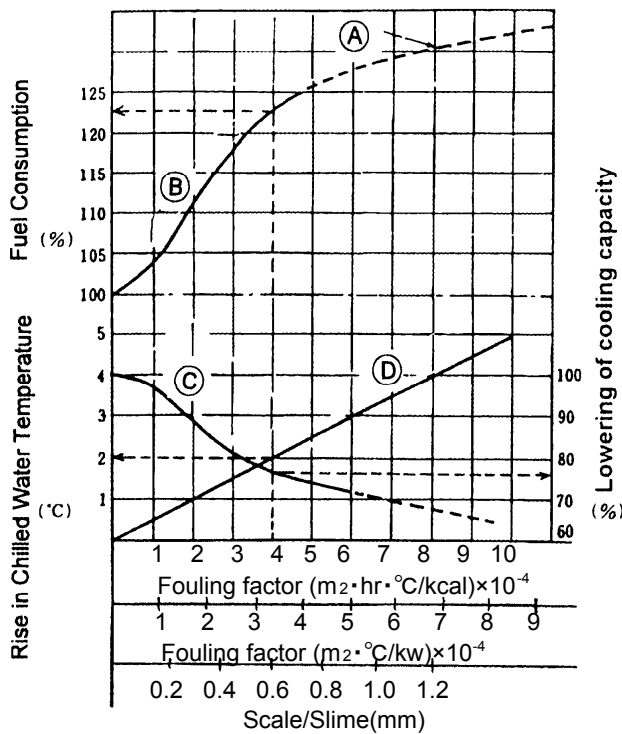
[Note 2] As the range of the water quality which may become usable if the water is processed differs depending on the chemicals to be used, it is not given here. It is desirable to set the appropriate water quality management values under the guidance of a water processing specialist and periodically manage the water quality.

(2) Typical water treatment

Even if make-up water for cooling water agrees with water standards, the water quality gets worse by its concentration, therefore the following water treatment is necessary. To varying extent of deterioration, chilled/hot water also requires this treatment. In case you use concrete heat storage tank, special attention should be paid to water treatment.

- a) Periodic and continuous manual blow down by make-up water
- b) Automatic blow down by electric conductance
- c) Addition of the anticorrosion
- d) Slime control
- e) Periodic water analysis

Overhaul water header periodically, check heat transfer tube and clean it as necessary.



For example, if 0.6mm of scale clings to tube, cooling capacity drops to 76%, and chilled water temperature rises by 2 $^\circ C$ and fuel consumption rises by 23%.

- (A) In case of constant cooling capacity (Ratio at rated fuel consumption)
- (B) Rise in fuel consumption
- (C) Lowering of cooling capacity (In case of constant chilled water temperature)
- (D) Rise in chilled water temperature (In case of constant cooling capacity)

Fig.4-3 Example of effect by fouling of tube

4-3-2. Water treatment for long term shut down

Perform the following treatment during long term shut down with no-circulation of chilled/hot water, cooling water in the Chiller. Please consult Carrier service agent for the details.

(1) Cooling water

Wet lay up usually. (Keep the cooling water full in the Chiller.)
In case the freezing of cooling water is likely to happen, drain it from the Chiller.
(Dry lay up)
Operation of valve is different between wet lay up and dry lay up.

a)Wet lay up

a-1)Discharge cooling water from its discharge port on the cooling water outlet.

a-2)Pour anticorrosive into the water.

Check holding water quantity and decide the anticorrosive quantity so that the proportion of both quantity is appropriate.

a-3)Full up the cooling water in the Chiller.

a-4)Operate the cooling water pump until anticorrosive is evenly mixed.

a-5)Close the isolation valves of inlet and outlet on the cooling water line.

b)Dry lay up

Before draining cooling water from the Chiller, clean the inside of the tube and make corrosion protective covering.

b-1)Discharge cooling water from its discharge port on the cooling water outlet.

b-2)Remove the scale and/or slime adhesion in the tubes by brush cleaning.

(If scale and/or slime cannot be removed by brush cleaning, perform chemical cleaning.)

b-3)After sufficient washing, pour anticorrosive into the water, and circulate the water with anticorrosive for 30 minutes or more.

(The concentration of anticorrosive should be even.)

b-4)Discharge the water from the discharge port on the cooling water inlet.

b-5)Keep the discharge port open during shut down.

(2) Chilled water

Wet lay up usually. (Keep the chilled water full in the Chiller.)

4-3-3. Winter season

In case the ambient temperature of the Chiller in winter is likely to be below 0°C, freeze prevention is necessary.

Consult Carrier service agent for the details.

4-4. RECOMMENDED SCHEDULE OF MAINTENANCE AND REPLACEMENT OF MAIN COMPONENTS

Please contact Carrier service agent.

5. MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

To enjoy safe and efficient operation of the Chiller for a long time, daily maintenance and periodic inspection are essential. The main items are as follows.

- (1) Confirmation of the function of Safety devices and their Adjustment
- (2) Check of the condition of the operation and Recording of the data

These works need special tools and a special skill.

We offer an annual maintenance contract to users of the Chiller. In the contract, we provide trained service personnel, who perform the periodic diagnosis and adjustment of the Chiller with the latest technology.

Consult Carrier service agent for the details.

5-1. ANNUAL MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

We established an annual maintenance contract to offer our customers periodic inspection and maintenance for Carrier Absorption Chiller. If you make this contract, Carrier service agent will perform maintenance/inspection and adjustment works on their own initiative to keep your Chiller in its best condition, and priority will be given to you for repairs of the Chiller in case of failure.

It is recommended to perform an overhaul of the Chiller once several years to keep it in its best condition. It is included in the maintenance contract to let the customers know the timing and the parts to be overhauled. There is another contract for the water quality control and the cleaning of heat transfer tubes in the water system. We also recommend that you make this contract as well.

5-2. INSPECTION REPORT

We issue an inspection report when you make an annual maintenance contract. In the report, a thorough description of the inspection/adjustment items are written so that Carrier service personnel will not overlook any of the inspection items. At inspection, Carrier service personnel fill in the report, leave one copy with the customer, and take one copy back to the office so that they can use it for future maintenance works.

We will not re-issue this report, so please be sure to keep it in the fixed place and show it to Carrier service personnel when they visit you.

5-3. WARRANTY

5-3-1. Carrier service agent will hand it to you after filling in the warranty.

Please confirm the warranty period, read it carefully and keep it in a safe place.

5-3-2. In case the Chiller fails within the warranty period under normal operating conditions, we will replace all the necessary spare parts or repair the Chiller free of charge.

5-3-3. After the warranty period expires, all repair costs will be charged.

Consult your service agent.

5-3-4. As for other items, please read your warranty.